Pan WCRP Monsoon Activities

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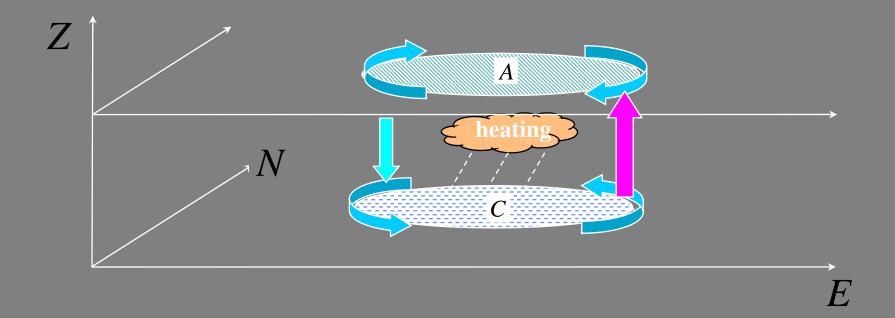
Institute of Atmospheric Physics (IAP)

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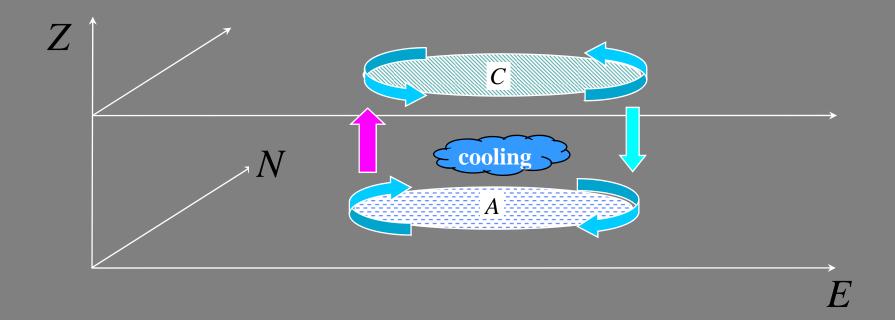
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 - 2. Orograph Local Scale Forcing
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Thermal Adaptation- heating



$$w \propto -\beta \frac{\partial v}{\partial z}$$

Thermal Adaptation-cooling



$$w \propto -\beta \frac{\partial v}{\partial z}$$

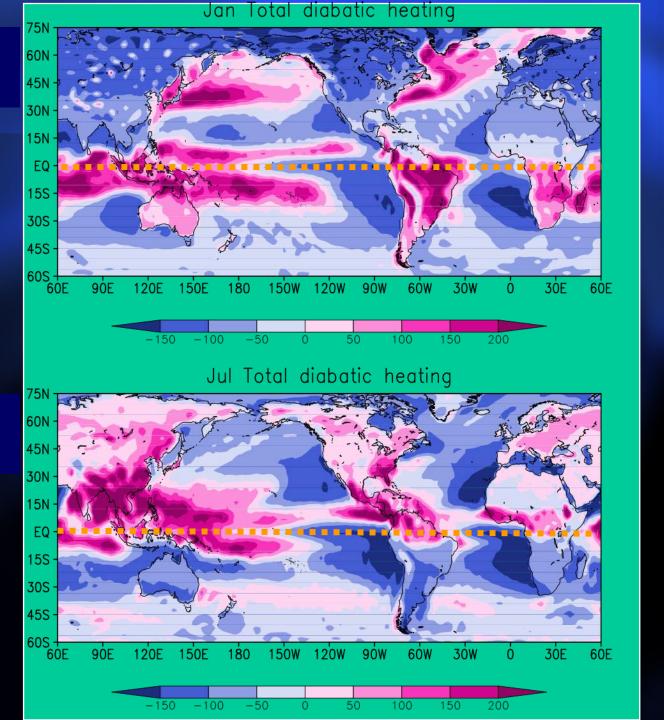
Winter:

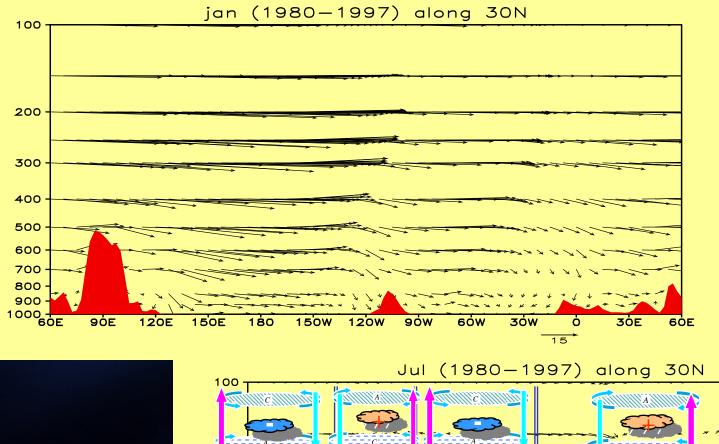
Source-ocean; sink-land

Summer:

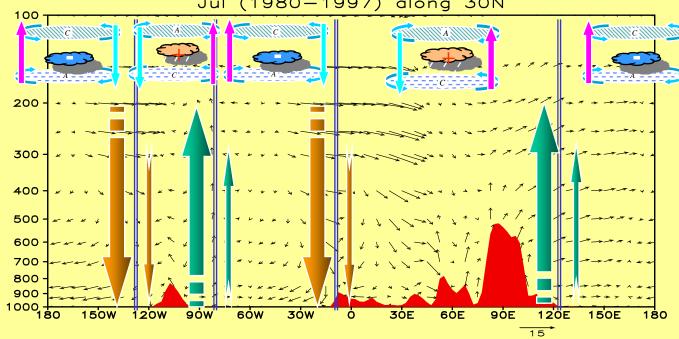
Source-land; sink-ocean



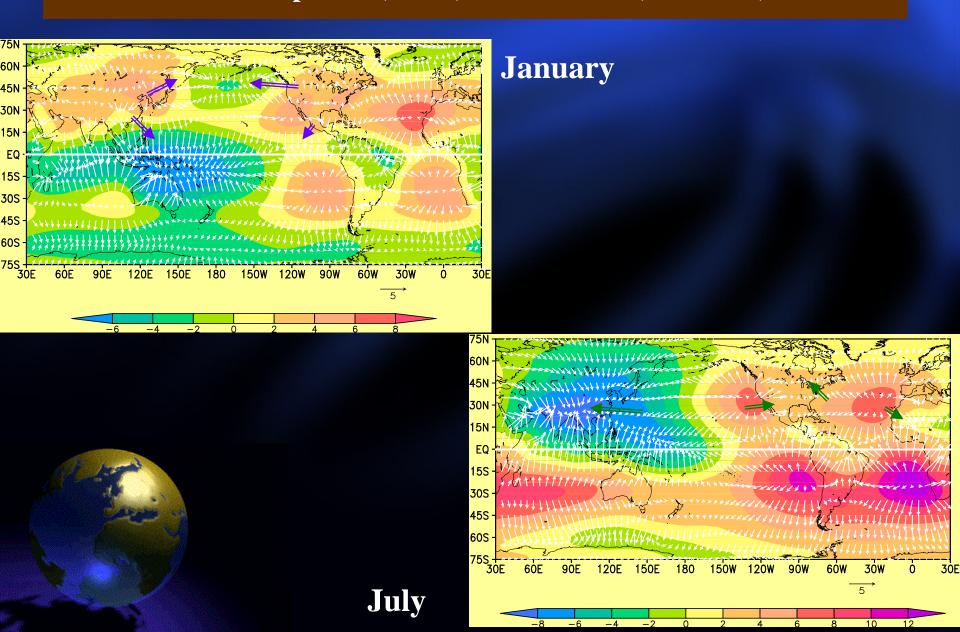




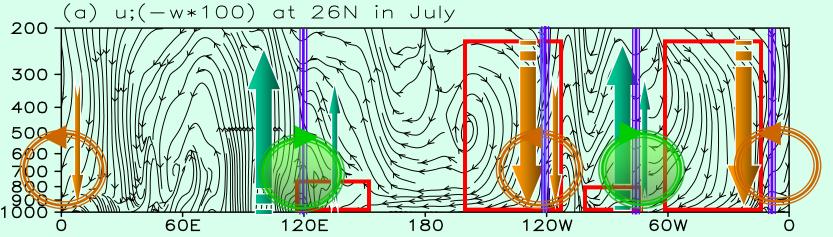




1000 hPa velocity potential (shaded) in unit of 10^6 m²/s and divergent wind component (arrow) in unit of m/s (1980-1997)







LO
$$\int_{0}^{p_{0}} Q \frac{dp}{g} < 0;$$

$$\vec{V} \cdot \nabla \theta = Q < 0.$$

$$\int_{0}^{p_{0}} Q \frac{dp}{g} < 0;$$

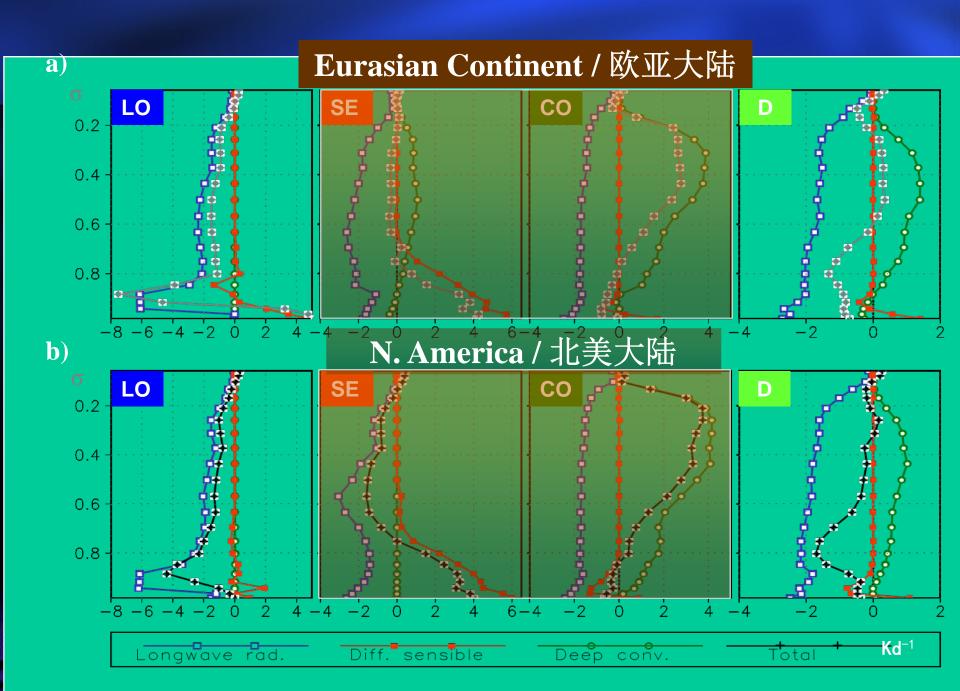
$$\vec{V} \cdot \nabla \theta = Q > 0.$$

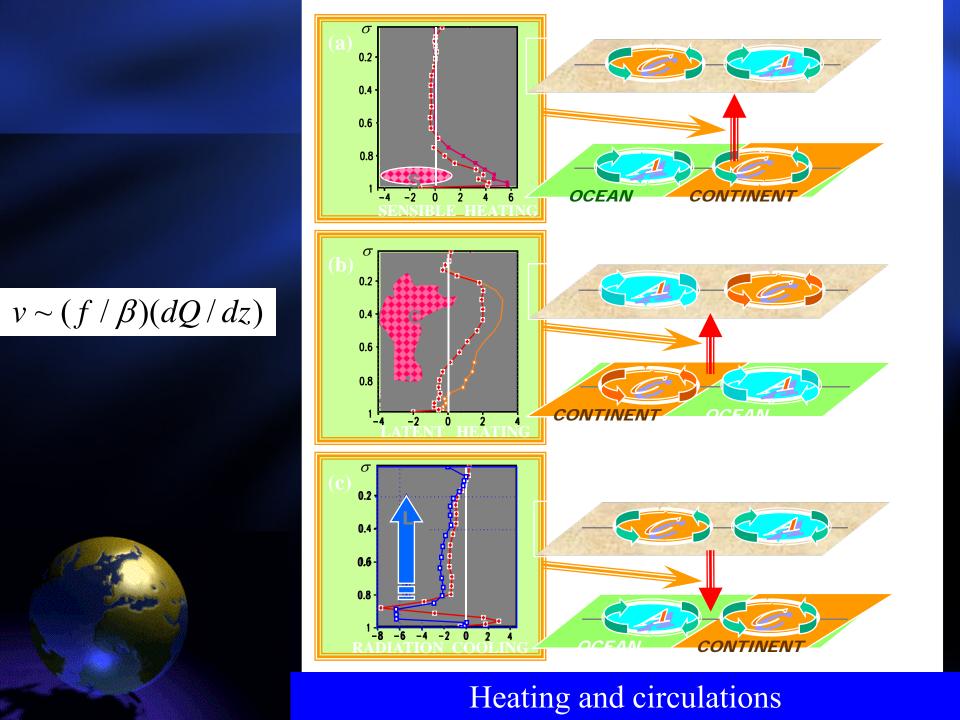
SE
$$\int_{0}^{p_{0}} Q \frac{dp}{g} > 0;$$

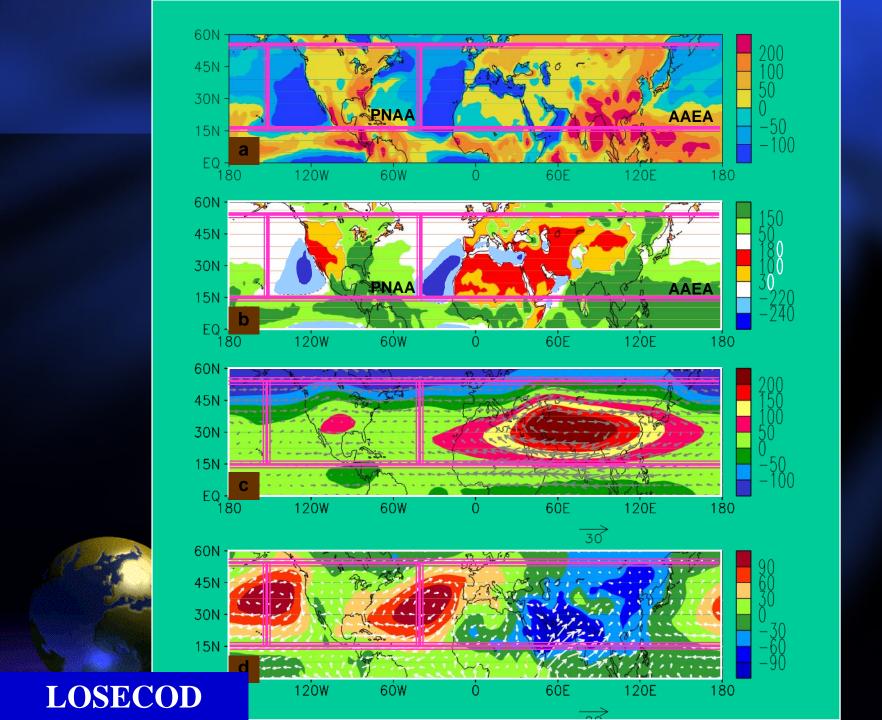
$$\vec{V} \cdot \nabla \theta = Q < 0.$$

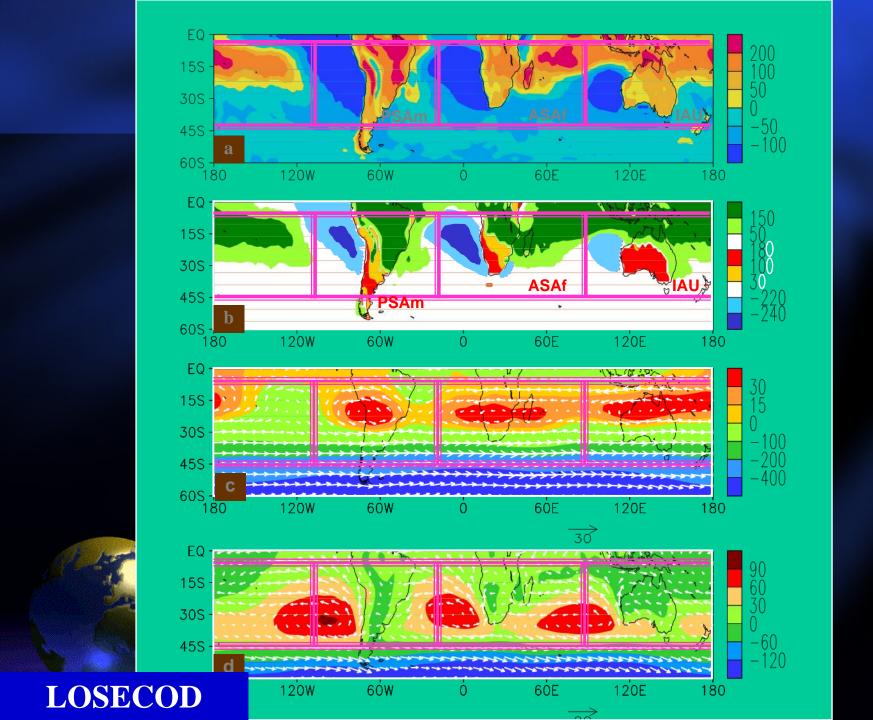
$$\int_{0}^{p_{0}} Q \frac{dp}{g} > 0;$$

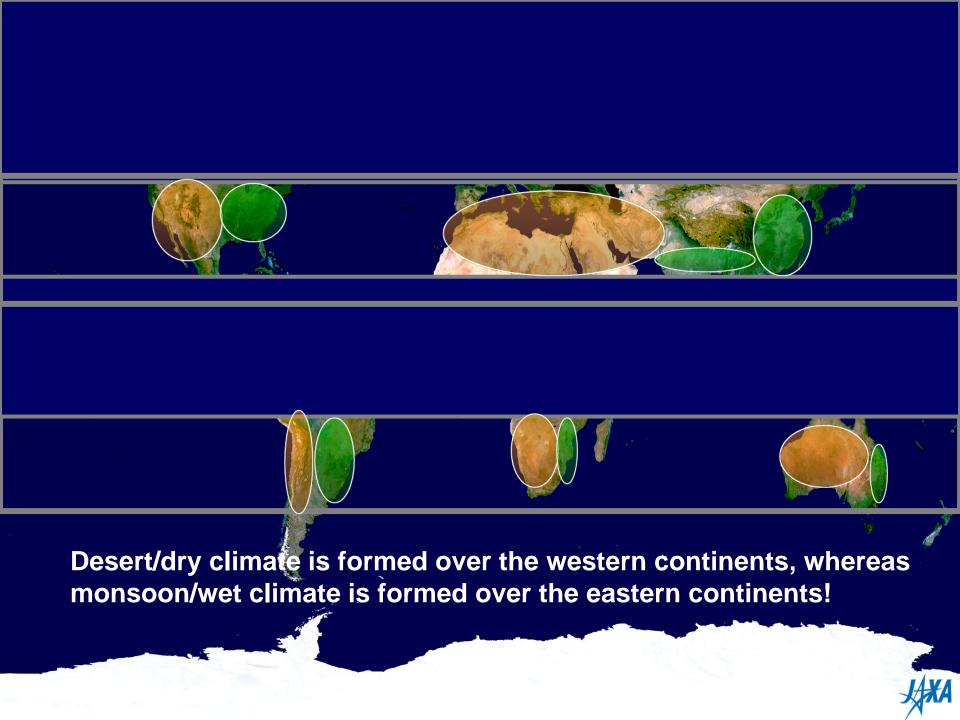
$$\vec{V} \cdot \nabla \theta = Q > 0.$$







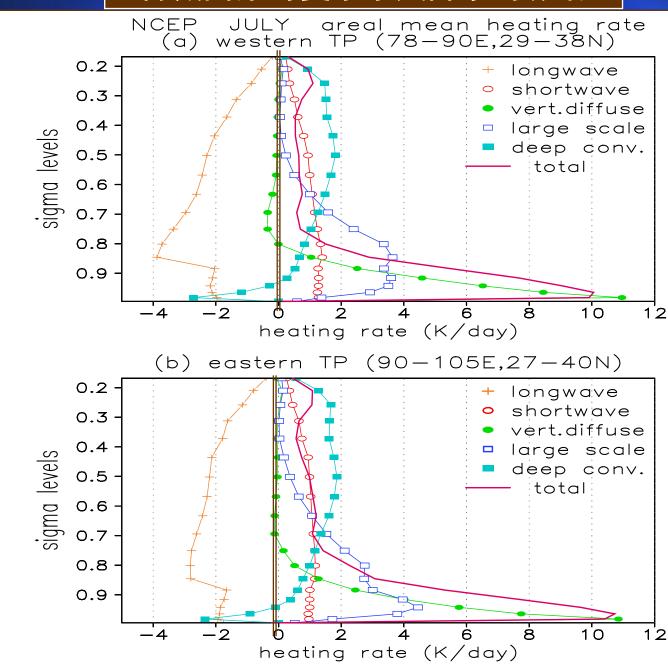




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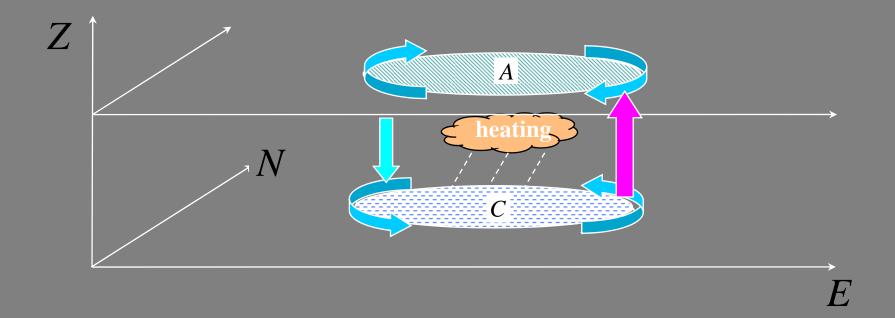
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青藏高原对夏季季风降水的影响





Thermal Adaptation- heating

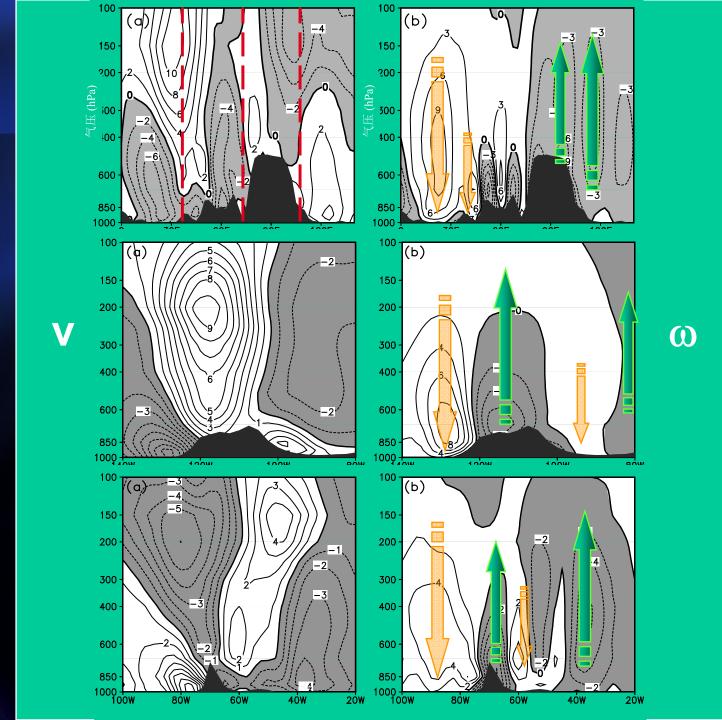


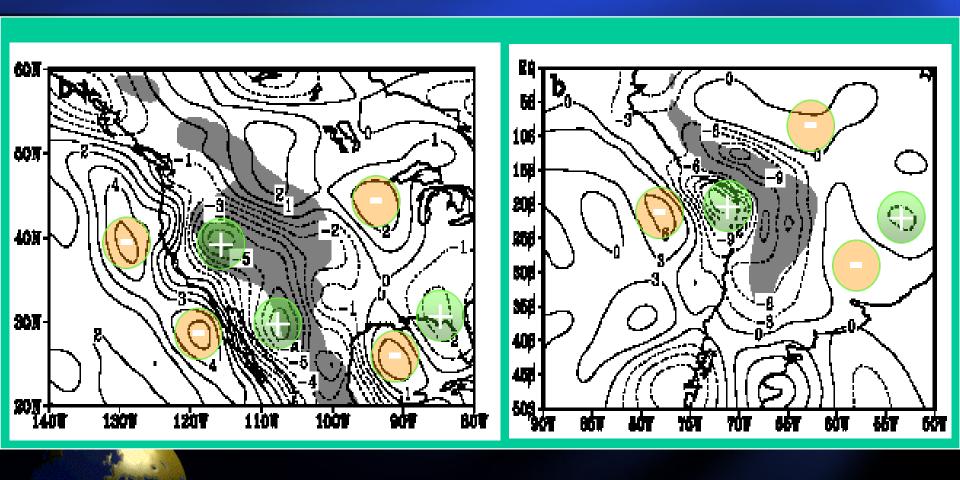
$$w \propto -\beta \frac{\partial v}{\partial z}$$

Tibetan July

Rockies July

Andes January



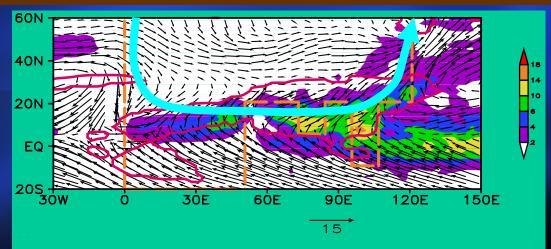


July Monsoon/desert Experiment 7月季风降水敏感试验

a) Without mountain

b) With mountain



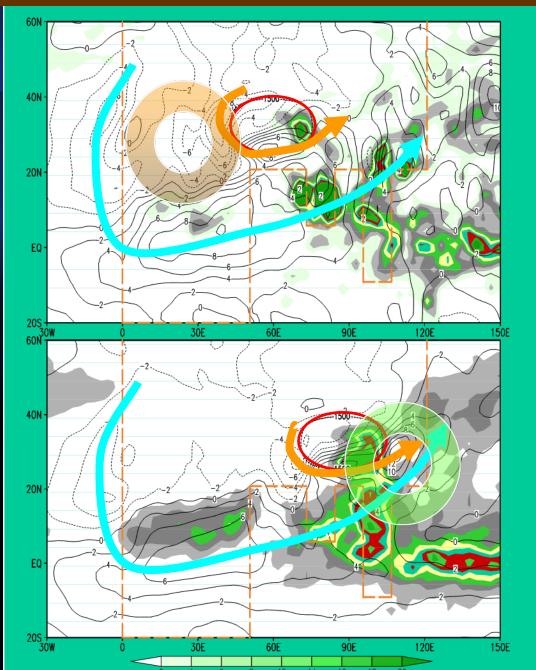


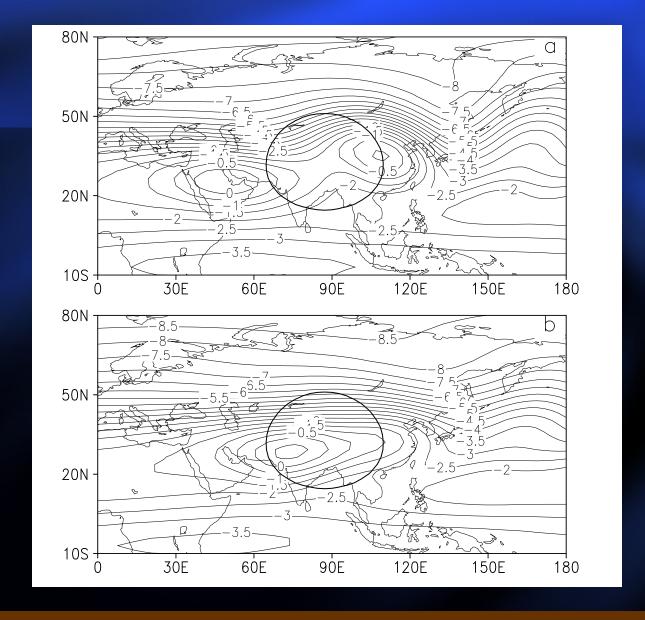
July Monsoon/desert Experiment 7月季风降水敏感试验

a) 60E mountain

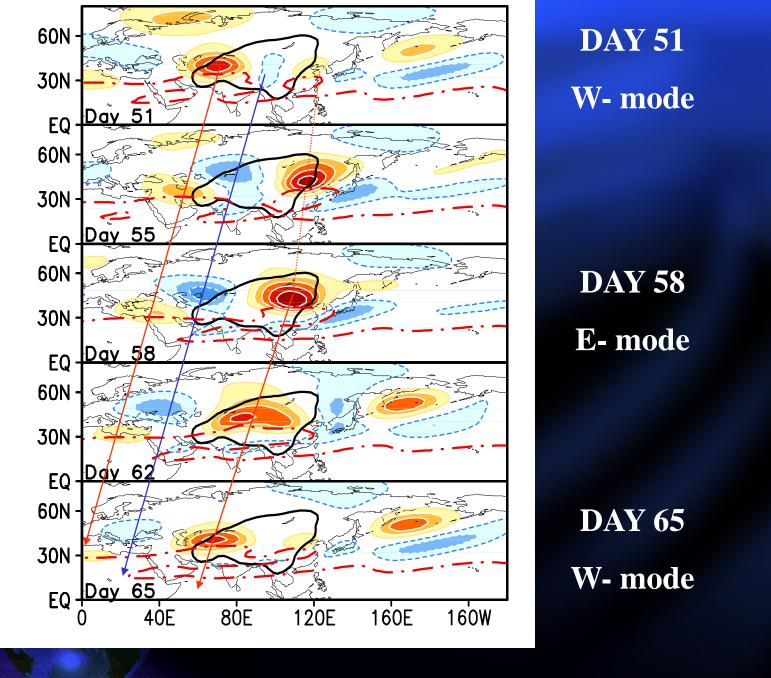
b) 90E mountain







Bimodality of South Asian High: E-TP and W-TP modes and its biweekly Oscillation



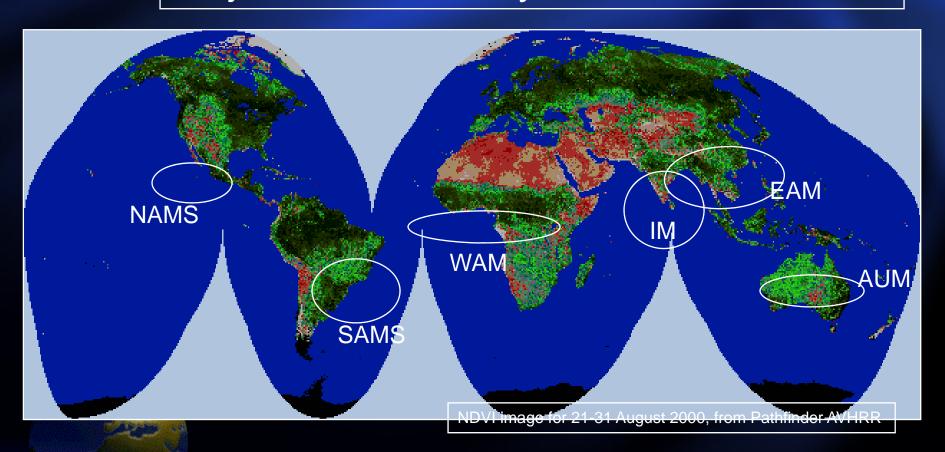
Liu, Hoskins and Blackmon, 2008, JMAJ

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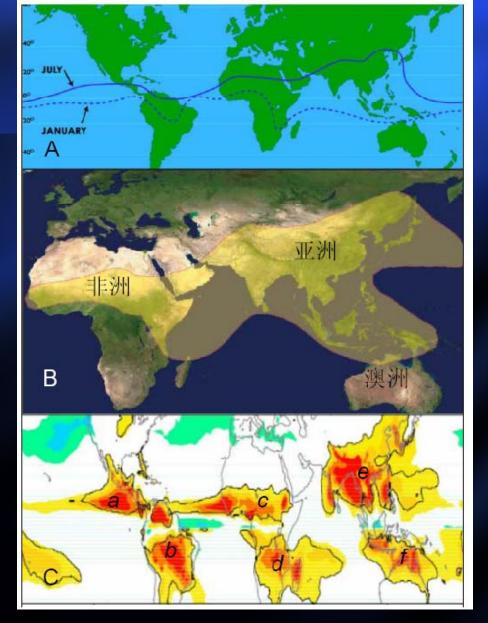
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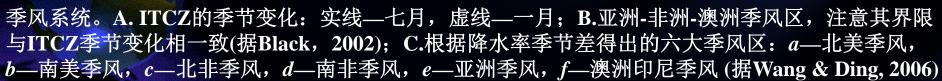


Major monsoons systems of the world



NDVI surface vegetation





2. WCRP Monsoon Activities

Organization and governance of WCRP

	Asia	Africa	N. America	S. America	
CLIVAR SSG's cross- cutting	AAMP	VACS (AMMA)	VAMOS (NAME,MESA,VOCALS)		
GEWEX	CEOP/CIMS coordinating global scale and each of the				

Regional Hydroclimate Projects (RHPs) providing input

SSG's cros along with GMPP and GRP cutting role of the snow/ice cover of the Tibetan Plateau, role of **CLiC** the cold Asian continent in the Asian winter monsoon.

Monsoon Studies launched by WCRP

	Asia	Africa	N. America	S. America
CLIVAR	SCSMEX*	AMMA	NAME/	MESA
CLIVAR	SCSMEA.	WAM	VOCALS	MESA
GEWEX	GAME	CATCH	GAPP	LBA
CSE's				
	*launched by			
A Acres	WMO/			
	TMRP			



Data Management

Water and **Energy Budget Studies**

Sources and Cycling of Water

Extremes

Transferability

Predictability

Water Resource **Applications Project**



Global Energy and Water Cycle Experiment











- In 2004 the Joint Scientific Committee (JSC) requested an assessment of
- (1) WCRP monsoon related activities and
- (2) the range of available observations and analyses in monsoon regions.
- The purpose of the assessment is to
- (a) <u>define the essential elements</u> of a pan-WCRP monsoon modeling strategy,
- (b) the procedures for producing this strategy, and
- (c) the procedure for making any necessary improvements in monsoon observations and analyses with a view toward their adequacy, and addressing any undue redundancy or duplication

'1st Pan-WCRP Workshop on Monsoon Climate Systems: Toward Better Prediction of the Monsoons' at the University of California, Irvine, CA, USA from 15-17 June 2005.

- to assess the current understanding of the fundamental physical processes governing monsoon variability;
- to highlight outstanding problems in simulating the monsoon that can be tackled through enhanced cooperation between CLIVAR and GEWEX".

(Sperber and Yasunari: The 1st Pan-WCRP Workshop on Monsoon Climate Systems: Toward Better Prediction of the Monsoons)

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A key overarching issue for monsoon prediction is the fundamental need for improved representation of tropical convection.







A JOINT WCRP/THORPEX PROPOSED ACTIVITY

Year of Tropical Convection (YOTC)

YEAR OF COORDINATED OBSERVING, MODELING AND FORECASTING:



This proposal arose from a recommendation from the <u>THORPEX/WCRP/ICTP Workshop</u> on Organization and Maintenance of Tropical Convection and the MJO, held <u>in Trieste in March 2006</u>. If implemented in 2008, this initiative would be a WCRP/THORPEX contribution to the UN Year of

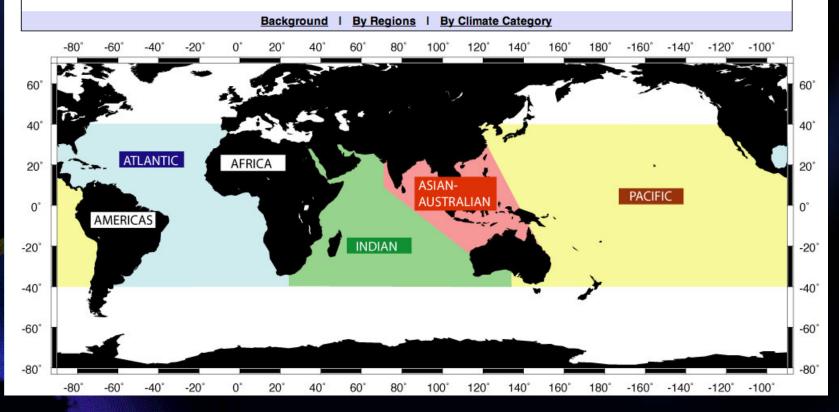
YEAR OF TROPICAL CONVECTION

Web Organization of **Overlapping Field Programs**

CLIVAR HELP - Thanks Howard & Nico CLIVAR

CLIMATE VARIABILITY AND PREDICTABILITY





3. Emerging activities in the AA Monsoon region

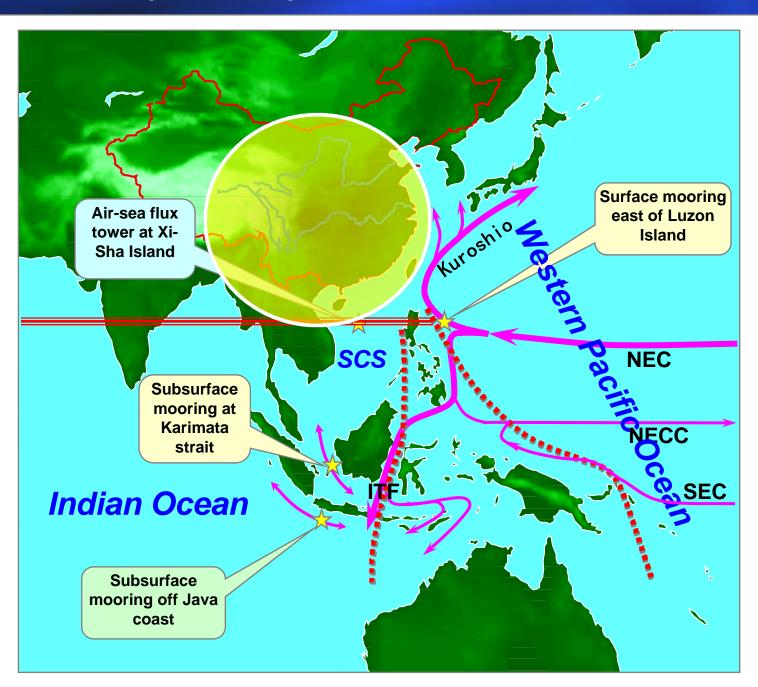
"Asian Monsoon Year (AMY'08)": The "Asian Monsoon Year (AMY08)" (2008-2009) initiative is a coordinated observation and modeling effort on understanding the aerosol-cloud/radiation--hydrology cyclecirculation interaction and ocean-landatmosphere interaction of the Asian monsoon system, and on improving monsoon prediction.

Some Related International Projects

80YMA

- China AIPO
- India STORM
- ➢ India CTCZ
- Japan JEPP/JAMSTEC
- Japan MAHASRI (GEWEX)
 Monsoon Asia Hydro-Atmosphere Scientific Research and Prediction Initiative
- (WWRP) China SCHeREX
- > (WWRP) SoWMEX
- > (WWRP) US-TIMREX
- > Joint Aerosol-Monsoon Experiment (JAMEX)
- Monsoon Asia Integrated Regional Study (MAIRS)

Schematic observation plan of atmosphere-ocean interaction at the Asia-Indo-Pacific Region



JSC-28 (Zanzibar 2007)

- Decided to endorse the WCRP cross cutting monsoon initiative;
- Cross-cut should include all monsoon groups with a broader perspective,
- Led by CLIVAR and GEWEX with participation of SPARC, CliC and WGNE and several relevant activities outside of WCRP (particularly THORPEX);
- Requested CLIVAR and GEWEX to agree on how it should be supervised and the development of an implementation plan;
- Asian Monsoon Year and an International Year of Tropical Convection considered as the components of an International Monsoon Study 2007-11 (IMS);
- GEWEX and CLIVAR to rationalize the number of monsoon committees;
- Appointed a JSC oversight group for monsoons consisting of G Wu (chair), J Slingo, T Yasunari, C Vera, L A Ogallo and J Shukla.

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2nd AMY Workshop

Following the resolution of the First International Workshop on AMY'08 at Beijing, the Second AMY'08 workshop was held at Bali, Indonesia on September 3-4, 2007.

The major objectives of 2nd workshop are to discuss and finalize the Science plan and Implementation Plan for AMY'08.





Objectives of International Monsoon Studies (IMS)

(results of discussion in Bali, Sep.2007)

- Improve forecasts from intra-seasonal to inter-annual timescales in monsoon regions
- Improve our understanding of the relative role of land and oceans on diurnal to interannual (decadal) time scales.
- Improve our understanding of (natural & anthropogenic) climate change on monsoons
- Enhance the observational networks and data utilization
- Enhance the collaboration among regional monsoon research communities
- Facilitate the use of knowledge on monsoon climate in societal impact studies

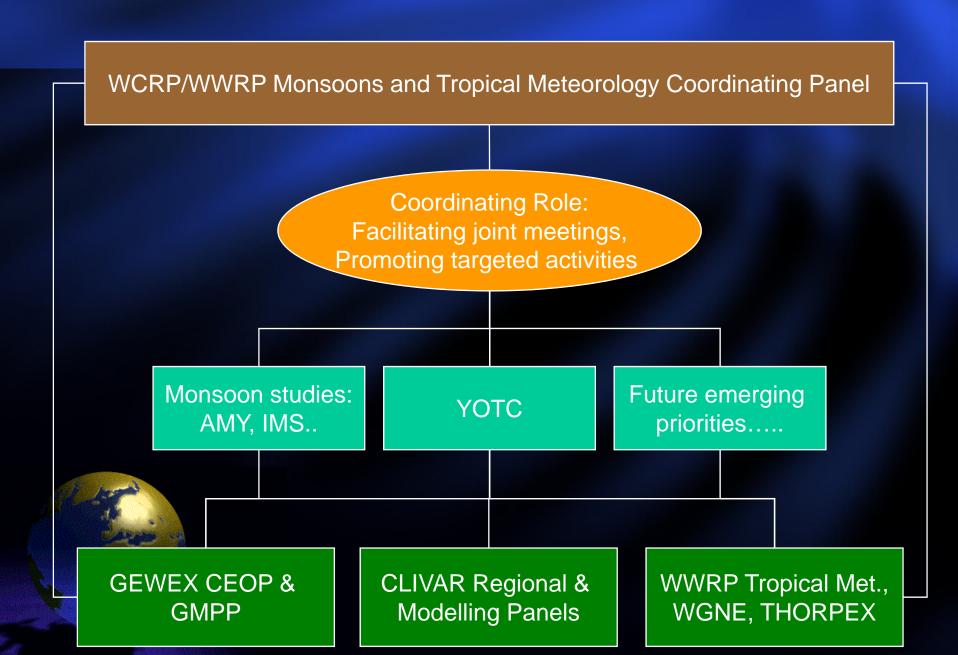
Organization of IMS sccoping group (SG) under WCRP-JSC (tentative)

- From JSC Monsoon Oversight Group (JMOG) (Wu.G.X., T.Yasunari, J.Slingo, J.Shukla, C.Vera, L.Ogallo)
- From CLIVAR/GEWEX Monsoon Panels&WGs (J. Matsumoto, B.Wang, J.Polcher, H. Berbery, OCEANS)
- From CEOP (T.Koike, K.M.Lau)
- From THROPEX (YOTC)
 (D. Waliser)
- From MAIRS and others (C.B. Fu, B. Goswami)
- From WMO monsoon study committee (C.P. Chang)
- (exofficio) IPO directors of CLIVAR and GEWEX

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JSC-29 Proposal on Monsoon Issues—April 2, 2008



Second Pan-WCRP Monsoon Workshop (PWM-2) will be held jointly with the

WMO Fourth International Workshop on Monsoons (IWM-4)

20-25 October 2008, Beijing, China

Specific objectives and key agenda

- To discuss some important and urgent cross-cutting issues on regional as well as global monsoon systems in the world. Particularly,
- (1) understanding the role of the monsoons in the changing global climate system, in relation to phenomena such as energy & water cycles and floods & desertifications, using various data and coupled ocean-atmosphere GCMs and RCMs.
- (2) predictions of seasonal march, intraseasonal variations and extreme events in the monsoon systems, using cloud resolving models (CRMs).

Issues related to CEOP

To help understanding, modeling and prediction of the interdependence among heating, circulation and rain components of the monsoon system, we need

- to deal with the data concerning continental forcing;
 - -- trend, inter-decadal and inter-annual variability.
- to identify L-scale Orograph (Tibetan Plateau) forcing.
 - -- inter-decadal, inter-annual and LFV variability.
- to detect the land/sea breeze.
 - -- inter-decadal, inter-annual, LFV and diurnal variability.

Welcome to join us in Beijing in October 20-24!

Thank You!

