

AWCICapacity Development Framework

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Outline

- Objectives
- Approach
- Methodology
- Implementation
 - Resources
 - Needs
- Workshop objectives
 - Agenda for coming years



Goal

• The goal of the capacity development program of the AWCI is to facilitate and develop sustainable mechanisms for the countries in Asia Pacific to use advanced earth observations systems, associated data and tools for water cycle research and water resources management under GEOSS framework.

Specific Objectives

- Downscaling regional and global information to basin scale and to improve accuracy required by operational water management applications through a combination of numerical forecasting and fusion of local observations.
- Identify reliable and efficient tools to convert the available observations and data to useful information for flood management through data transformations, interpolation, classification and estimation algorithms.
- Conversion of information to water resources management applications, both for operational use and scenario based assessments for planning purposes.



- Researchers / Scientists
 - Customizing existing knowledge to suit local conditions supported by global experiences
- Professional / Practitioners
 - Introducing new methods, tools, standards
- Administrative / Local government officers
 - Over view of technology and science

Use of observations/forecasts in Flood Risk Management **CB-IA Observations Applications** Information Rainfall Rainfall Observation Computation Land cover Forecasting/Warning **Flood Estimates** Elevation **Model Parameters** Elevation Roughness Clouds Response Soil moisture **Temperature Vulnerability Buildings** Risk Management/Mitigation Infrastructure Groundwater Risk Assets Infrastructure **Capacity Development**

Guidelines - requirements

- Capacity Development on data acquisition and information extraction, including fundamental & advanced technologies for observations and analyses, and on enduser product generation for IWRM and Water Cycle Resesarch is urgently required in almost all of the developing countries in Asia.
- Considering the disparity in existing capabilities among different countries as well as their varied needs, it is recommended to work out capacity development programs based on prior need assessment.
- Incorporating the above mentioned requirements, it is proposed to develop some demonstration projects in conjunction with the framework of AWCI for the evaluation of applicability of earth observations for IWRM.

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Methodology

• The capacity development activities will be designed and carried out concurrently in support of applications in 17 Asian Basins proposed to be studied within the Asian Water Cycle Initiative for clarification of basin water cycle and the development of appropriate water management practices.



Focus areas

- Three focus areas have been identified by the AWCI participants.
 - Flood
 - Drought
 - Water quality
- By designing a generic template for each problem area, we can plan required capacity development activities.



- Use of satellite information in two broad areas related to flood risk management
 - Real time flood forecasting
 - This includes estimating/forecasting rainfall, estimating and forecasting flood flow, inundation forecasting, operational aspects of food control such as reservoir operations
 - Flood scenario development
 - For planning and mitigation purposes. This includes flood risk for different return periods, vulnerability assessment, damage estimation, flood insurance, evacuation guidance, evaluation of mitigation measures, etc



Setting up Models - Tools

- Selection of model type
 - Physically based distributed,
 Physically based lumped, Conceptual
- Data
 - Model setup, Initial conditions, Inputs for simulations (rainfall, temperature), values for verification (inundation)
 - Boundary conditions, Discharge estimations
- Validation



- Inundation for different return period rainfall as well as a worst case scenario
- Flood risk based on inundation (hazard) and vulnerability (population distribution, loss functions for different property distribution)



Active Areas of Research

- Improving quantitative rainfall estimation
 - From numerical simulation + in situ observations and remotely sensed data
- Use of space based observation/ information for real time flood forecasts
 - Incorporating dynamic information on water flow, state of infrastructure, etc., for correction or improvement of predictions

Way forward

- Survey existing programs and Identify gaps and missing links
 - Recognition of expertise available within the group
 - Making use of available programs within resource organizations
- Use of this expertise for AWCI applications
- Identify gaps and develop programs based on needs



Resource availability survey

- Details on Data Services
- Details on Training on specific topics
- Details on Tools, mathematical models, manuals, methodologies
- Providing Forecasts, alerts on hydrological variables or extreme events
- Providing Research opportunities or training on specialized topics

Guiding principles of capacity development

- The capacity development program is based on the needs of the Asia Pacific countries
- Increase the number of technically competent persons who can use advanced space based observations and global climate/weather forecasts.
- Facilitate customizing knowledge to meet local conditions and constraints.



Roving Seminars

- Base component: training basic skills to use tools and use of information extracted from space based observations and numerical models.
- Application examples and customization through local problem solving.
- Duration, coverage and thematic area will be decided depending on each country need.

Increasing technically competent staff (2)

Case studies/manual

- Develop stand alone teaching manuals on case studies with step-bystep instructions.
- Will use public domain as well as models and software that will be made available to the AWCI group
- The applications will include generic examples as well as specific local case studies supporting AWCI

Increasing technically competent staff (3)

- Web based systems
 - Web technology now provides many facilities for distance learning and collaborative activities.
 - Experiences from (1) and (2) will be used to develop web based training modules with the support from regional institutes.
 - Constraint: WWW ACCESS SPEEDS



Customizing global knowledge

- How to incorporate advanced technologies in national programs?.
 - Example, improving quantitative precipitation forecasts.
- Joint Graduate programs: proposal
 - 1st year local university
 - 0.5 years at a resource institute.
 - Final year 1.5 2.0 years at a postgraduate degree program in a participating university



Teams

• The program will target to develop country teams consisting of university/educational institutes and a national agencies. They will be invited to participate in the development and execution of capacity development programs in each country.

Training Characteristics

- Each training module will have a clear societal benefit target. They will also identify the target group.
- The following linkages will be emphasized
 - Science and Society
 - Macro and Micro scale linkages.



Workshop Objectives

- Summary of resources
- Summary of needs
- Presentations of resource programs
- Discuss, agree and plan essential capacity development programs to be implemented in next 2 years.

Outcomes

- Discuss, modify and agree on the "Capacity Development Framework"
- Develop the long term plan for the capacity development program
- Plan a few concrete activities for next two years



Thank you for your kind attention

Student Research

- Post graduate student program
 - Support/sponsor Master and Ph. D. programs, supervised jointly with partner institutions. – promote sandwich type programs.
 - Develop appropriate technology, analysis approaches







- Short duration training projects
 - The mini projects focusing on field problems involving a group of professionals (JAXA/AIT)
- Diploma programs
 - Residential / at work combined curriculum (UN Virtual Academy)
- Open Source Tools / Systems



Over view for Administrators and Policy makers

- Administrators, especially local government officers need targeted programs to grasp (Bkk WS topic)
 - Online learning
 - Short term courses

Why local government

- Local government is involved in implementing development programs as well as reconstruction after disasters
- A knowledge of disaster risk management would be very useful in getting required guide lines, especially when disaster management authority is weak

