

Development of National Disaster Inventories in Asia and Pacific Region

Workshop on "Meta-Guidelines" for Water and Climate Change Adaptation

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How do land use plans turn to investments?

Land management and land use plans Development planning

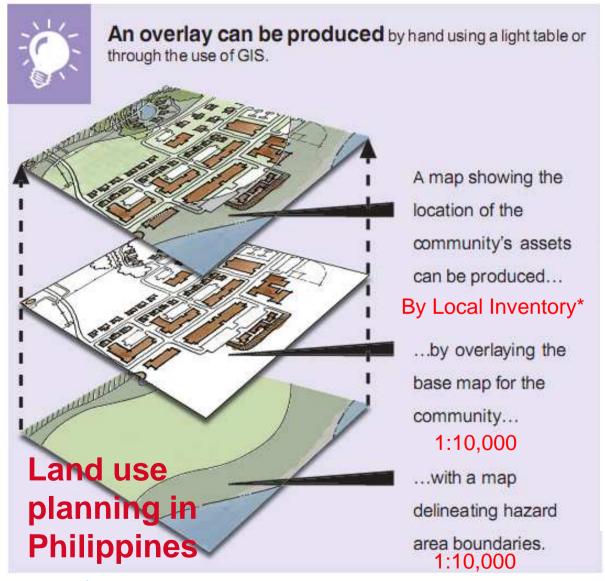
Investment planning

Investment projects

www.unisdr.org



Local risk estimation for planning



An "exemplar" approach

STEPS

- Prepare a Base Map
- Overlay Topography Features
- Overlay Hazard
 /Susceptibility
 Flements
- Overlay Land Cover/Land Use Elements
- Overlay Elements at Risk by each Sector
- Create a composite





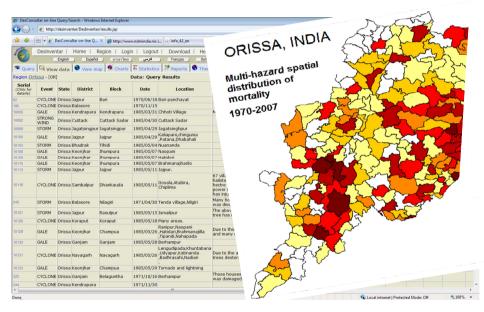
National Disaster Inventories

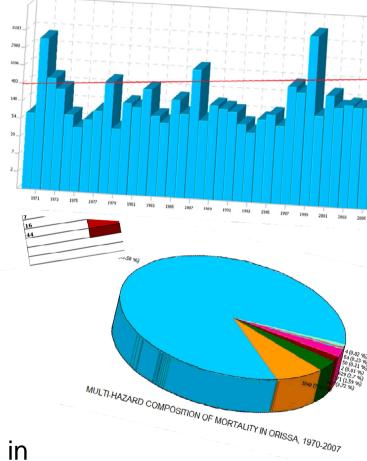
- No systematic collection of disaster damage, loss data in most countries
- Valuable information is lost
- Difficult to determine long-term impact on development
- Difficult to understand risk change trends
- Difficult to determine vulnerability of local structures, infrastructures, society
- No way to learn from the past



What are National Disaster
Inventories?

MULTI-HAZARD MORTALITY CHART FOR ORISSA, INDIA



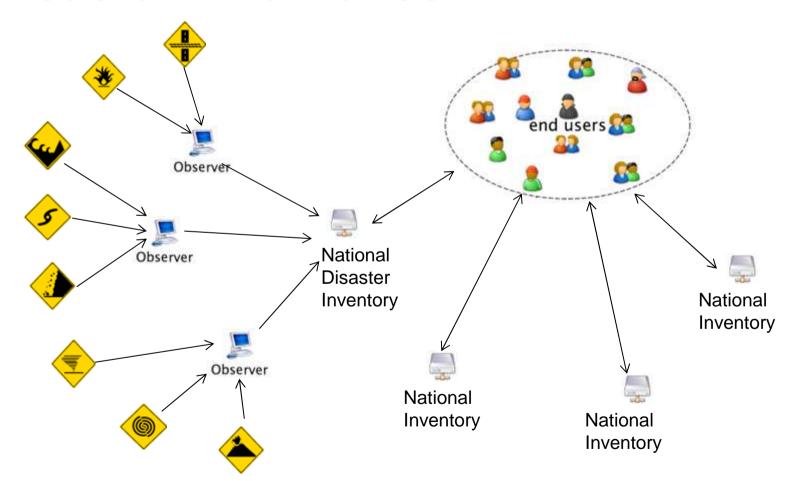


- DesInventar Inventories record and analyse the occurrence and effects of disasters
- Disaggregated information is provided in tabular and graphical form (maps and charts)





Functional Diagram for National Disaster Inventories







DesInventar Methodology

- essentially proposes the collection of homogeneous data about disasters of all scales.
- The information compiled and processed is entered in a scale of time and referenced to a relatively small geographic unit.



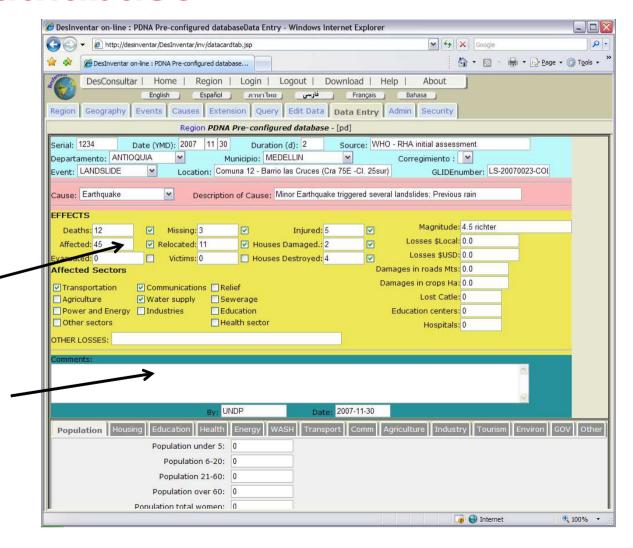
Typical contents of a DesInventar Disaster database

The actual screen for data capture.

It can be customized by users.

Standard Effects (killed, injured, affected, etc.)

Extension (Sectorial detail information)



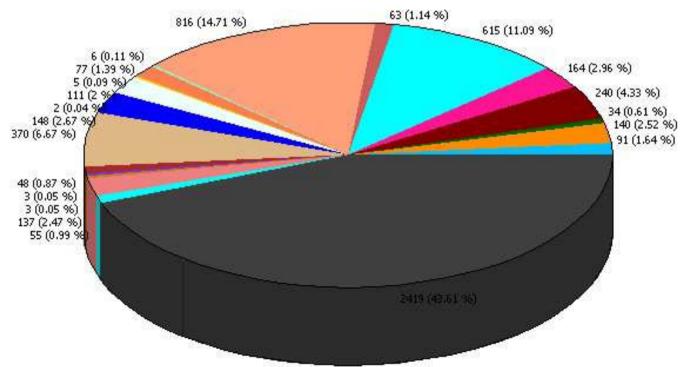
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Composition Analysis – what is causing what damage?

Number of Deaths per disaster type in Tamil Nadu, India

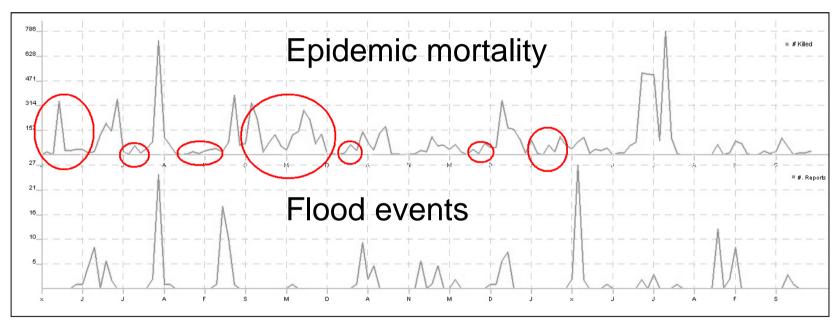


- ACCIDENT (91.0)
- CLOUD BURST (140.0)
- CYCLONE (34.0).
- EPIDEMIC (240.0)
- EXPLOSION (164.0)
- FIRE (615.0)
- FLASH FLOOD (63.0)
- FLOOD (816.0)
- HEAT WAVE (6.0)
- LANDSLIDE (77.0)
- LEAK (5.0)
- LIGHTING (111.0)
 LIQUEFACTION (2.0)
- OTHER (148.0)
- RAINS (370.0)
- SPATE (48.0)
- STORM (3.0)
- STRONG WIND (3.0)
- STRUCTURE (137.0)
- TIDAL WAVE (55.0)
- TSUNAMI (2419.0).





Temporal Analysis (trends): distribution of losses over time



Number of reports of floods and people killed by epidemics in Orissa, India (11 years), showing a high correlation between floods and epidemics. Ovals show non-related epidemic events.



Spatial Analysis (patterns): distribution of losses over space



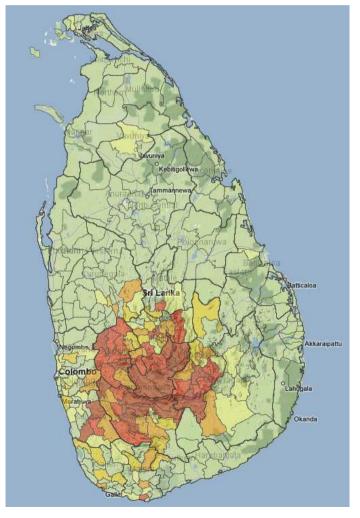
Spatial distribution of houses destroyed in Sri Lanka after the 2004 Tsunami

Variable:Houses Destroyed + Ho						
Upper Limit	Color					
_						
28						
84						
1278						
2557						

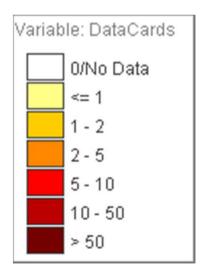




Spatial Analysis (patterns): distribution of losses over space

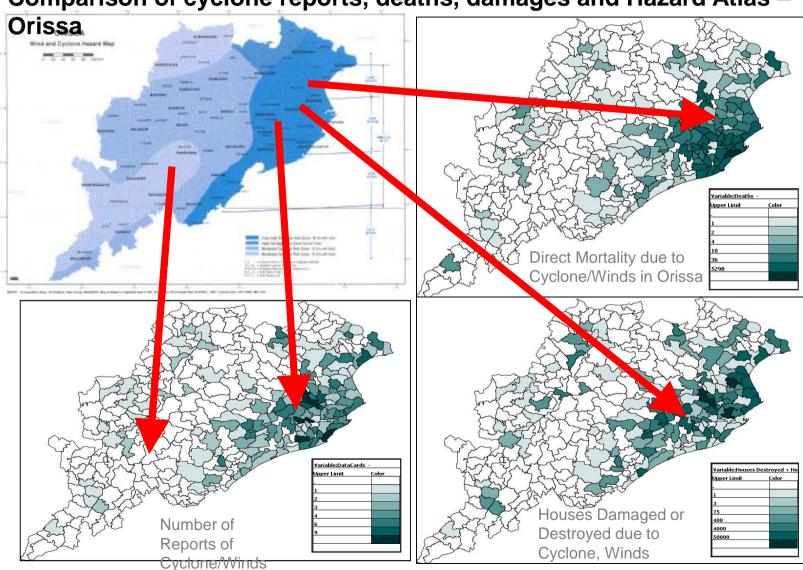


Spatial distribution of Landslides in Sri Lanka (1970-2007)



Validate Risk/Hazard maps

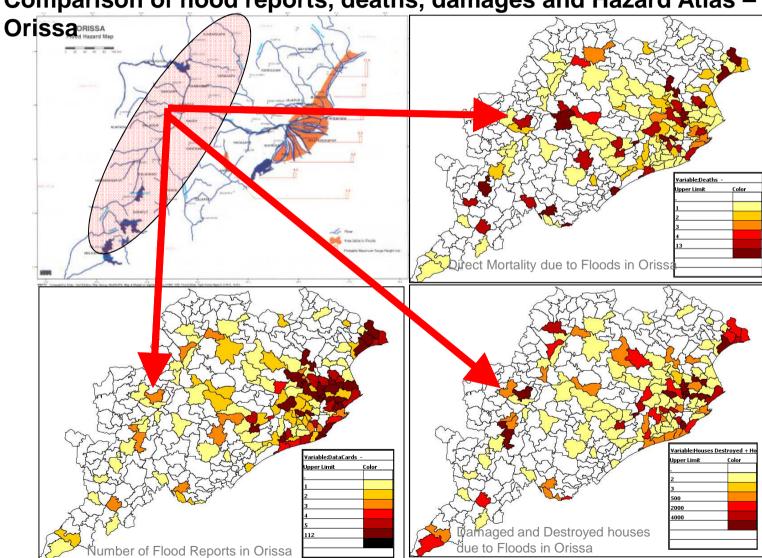
Comparison of cyclone reports, deaths, damages and Hazard Atlas -





Validate Risk/Hazard maps

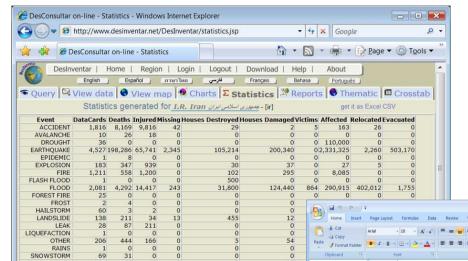
Comparison of flood reports, deaths, damages and Hazard Atlas -







Data exchange



Local intranet | Prote

Detailed report exported to Excel (Iran database)

1995/01/31

1005/01/28

1995/01/28

1005/01/21

1995/06/06

1995/01/01 1993/03/18

1993/02/03

1993/02/03

1994/12/15

1003/02/03

1993/02/03

1993/02/03 1003/02/03

1994/12/03

1993/02/03

1003/02/03

1993/02/03

Markazi

Firuz Abad

Randar Ahhac

Bandar Abbas

Gonbad Kavus

Jahrom Farashband

Farashband

Sumeh Sara

Bandar Abbas

Ghir Va Karzin

12187546

01312811

Firuz Abad

28276 28276

12181 21127 12179

Hormozga

EARTHQUAKE

FARTHOLIAKE

FARTHQUAK

FARTHOLIAKI

FARTHOLIAKI

FARTHOUAKE

FARTHQUAKE

FARTHOUAKE

FLOOD

FLOOD

FLOOD

FLOOD

H + > H DI Report

Aggregates by event, (Iran). Statistical measures such as Variance, Std Deviation, correlation, etc.

10,730 212,977 92,666 2,643

STRONG WIND THUNDER STORM



National Disaster Inventories

 Existing (run by Governments, UNISDR, UNDP or Partners)

Asia

-Sri Lanka, Indonesia, Iran, Maldives, Thailand, Nepal, India (Tamil Nadu, Orissa, Andra Pradesh, Uttranchal, Delhi), Lao PDR, Viet Nam, Pacific regional, Syria, Jordan, Yemen





Comparison of data quality with other databases

Comparison of EM-DAT and DesInventar data for Indonesia, 1998-2009 (12 years)

	Events		Deaths			People affected			
	EM-DAT	Desinventar	EM-DAT	Desinventar		EM-DAT	Desinventar		
Floods	63	2,624	2,826	1,837		3,525,309	11,943,017		
Landslides	29	1,145	1,115	2,864	1	332,330	458,760		
Storms	2	925	4	235		3,715	151,214		
Droughts	1	1,152	0	0		15,000	0		
Total	95	5,847	3,945	4,936		3,876,354	12,552,991		
L									



Thank you

http://www.desinventar.net/