



Requirements to Hydrological Models

only climate model outputs but no observations as inputs

- Well connectivity with climate models
 - Free-running capability without tuning for long period
 - Integration capability of various hydrological processes
- 

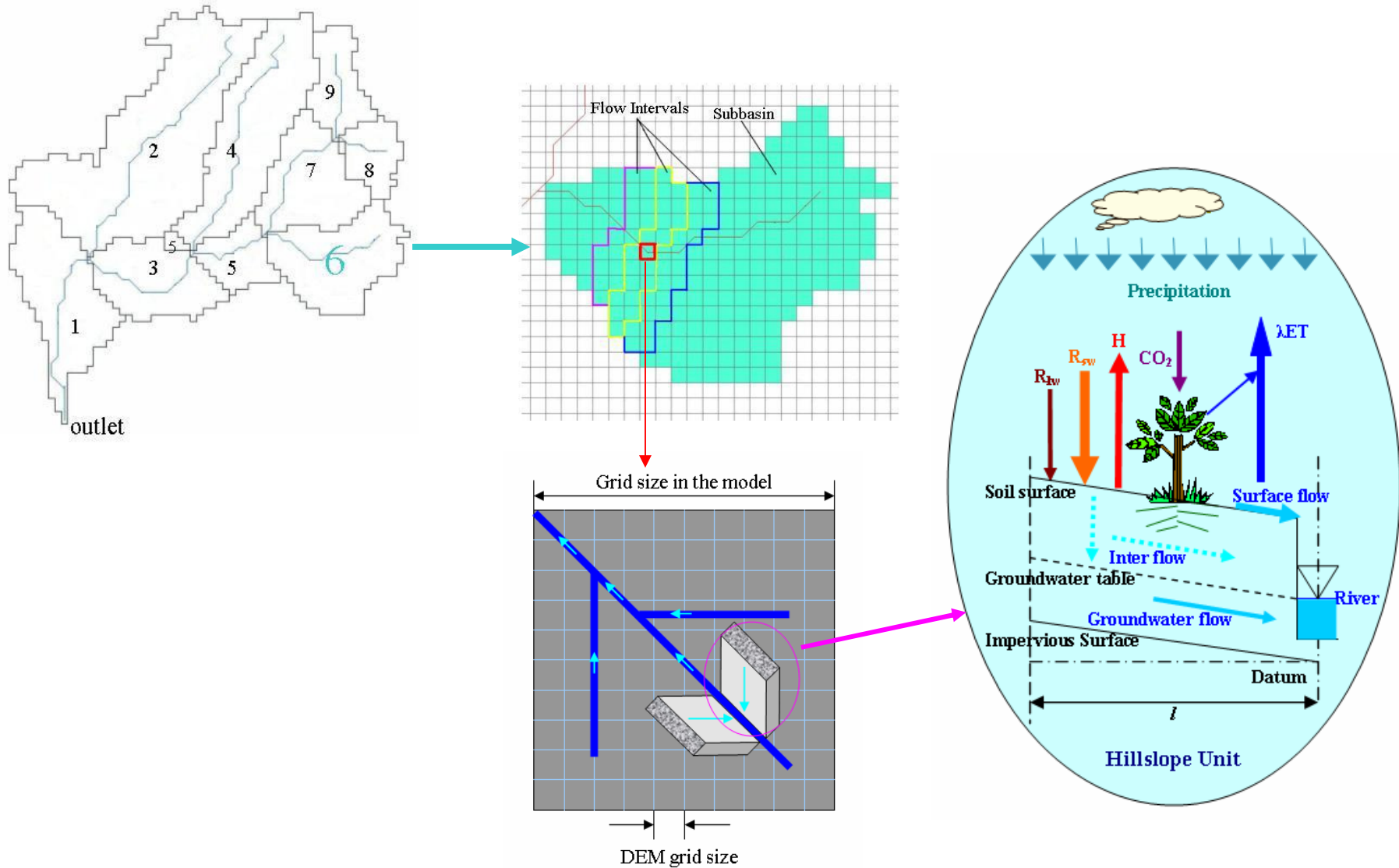
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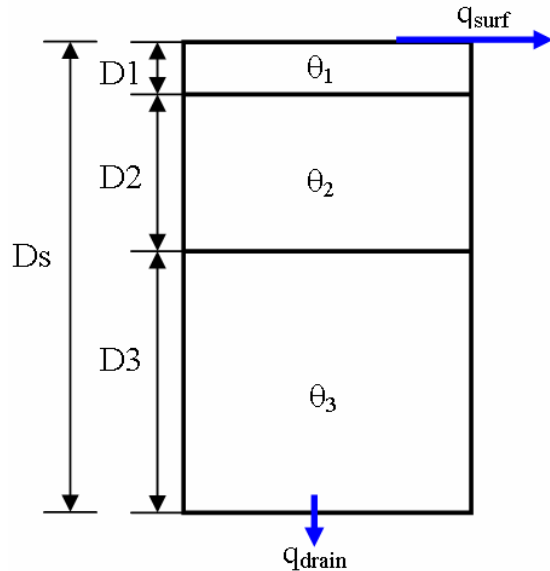
WEB-DHM

(Water and Energy Budget-based Distributed Hydrological Model)

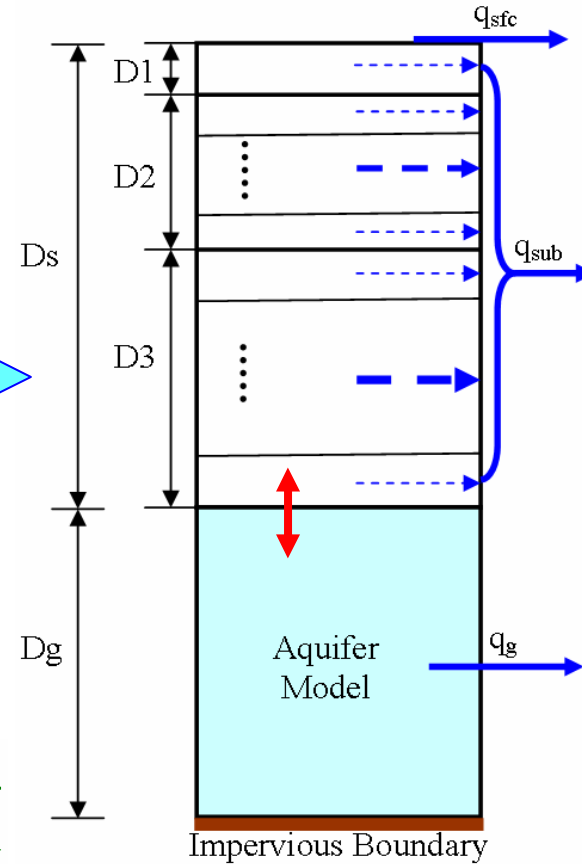


Improvements over 1-D LSM

(a) SiB2



(b) WEB-DHM



improve
→

Soil Hydraulic Function

Table 1. Soil hydraulic functions used in SiB2 and HydroSiB2


Source	$\psi(\theta)$	$K(\theta)/K_s$
Campbell (1974)	$\psi_s \left(\frac{\theta}{\theta_s} \right)^{-b}$	$\left(\frac{\theta}{\theta_s} \right)^{2b+3}$
van Genuchten (1980)	$\frac{1}{\alpha} \left[(S)^{-1/m} - 1 \right]^{\frac{1}{n}}$	$S^{1/2} \left[1 - (1 - S^{-1/m})^m \right]^p$

SiB2

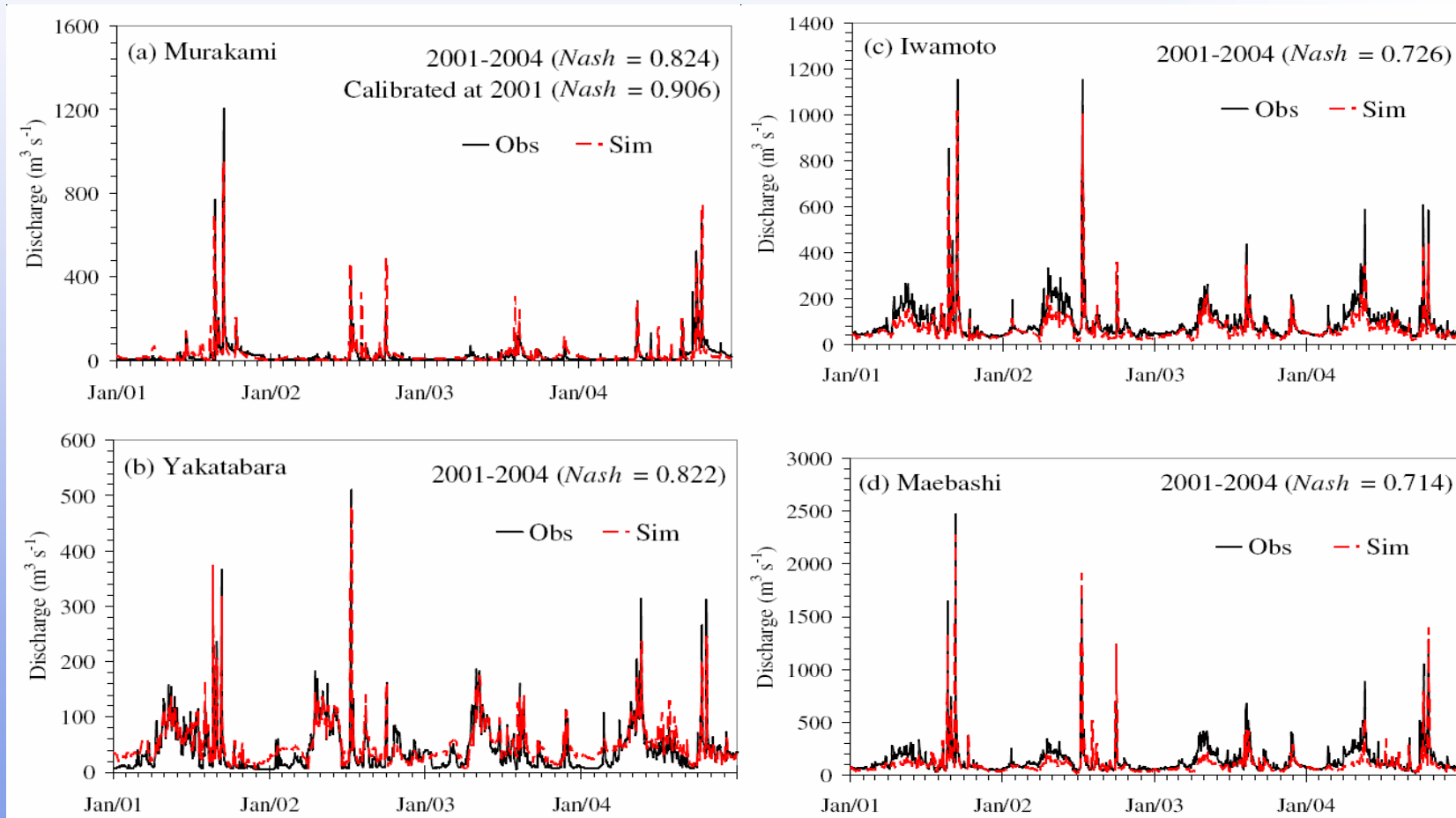
WEB-DHM

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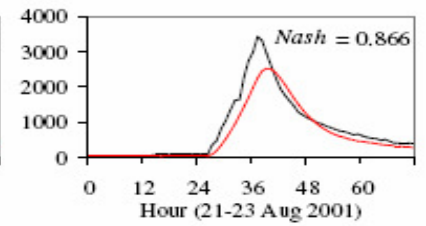
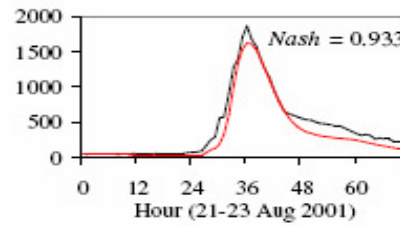
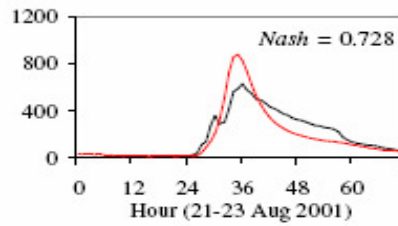
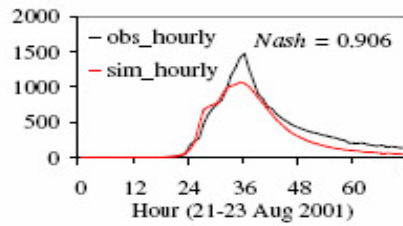
Calibration and validation with discharges at main stream gauges



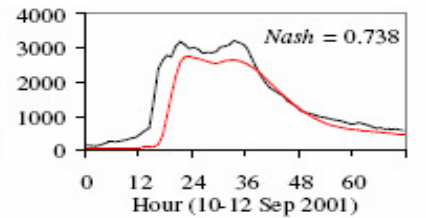
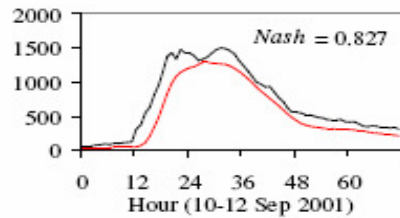
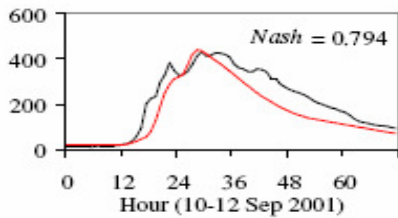
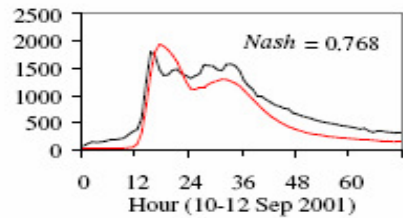
Annual Largest Flood Peaks



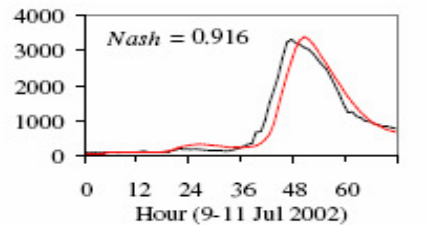
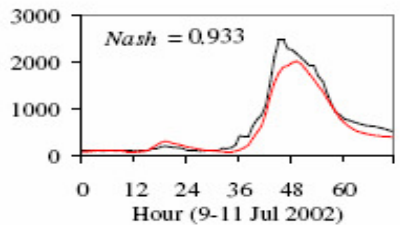
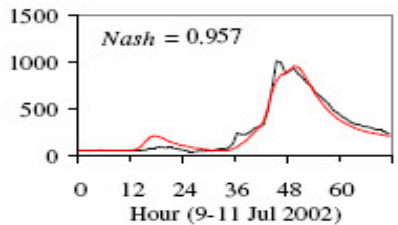
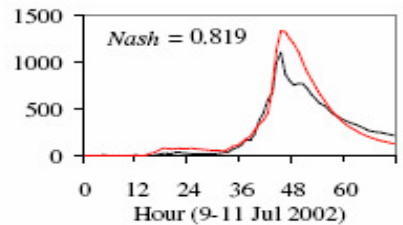
2001
(1)



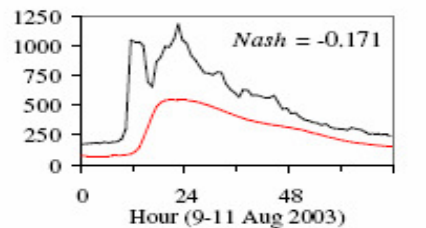
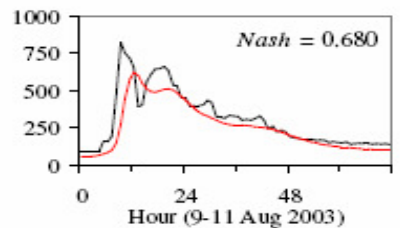
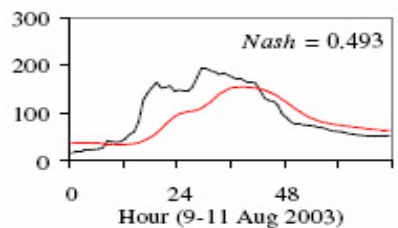
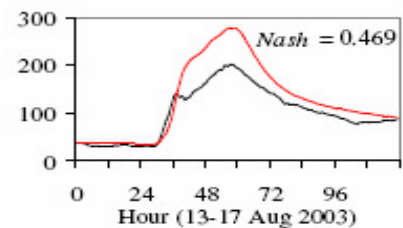
2001
(2)



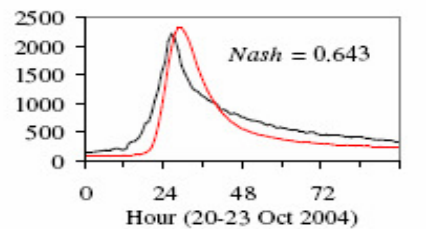
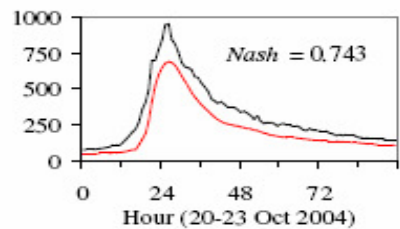
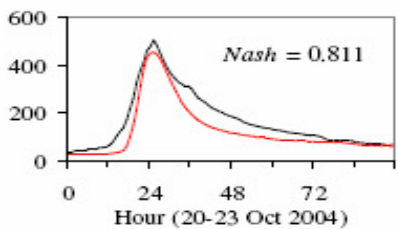
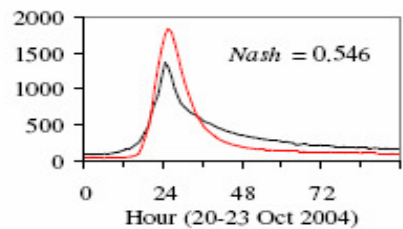
2002



2003



2004



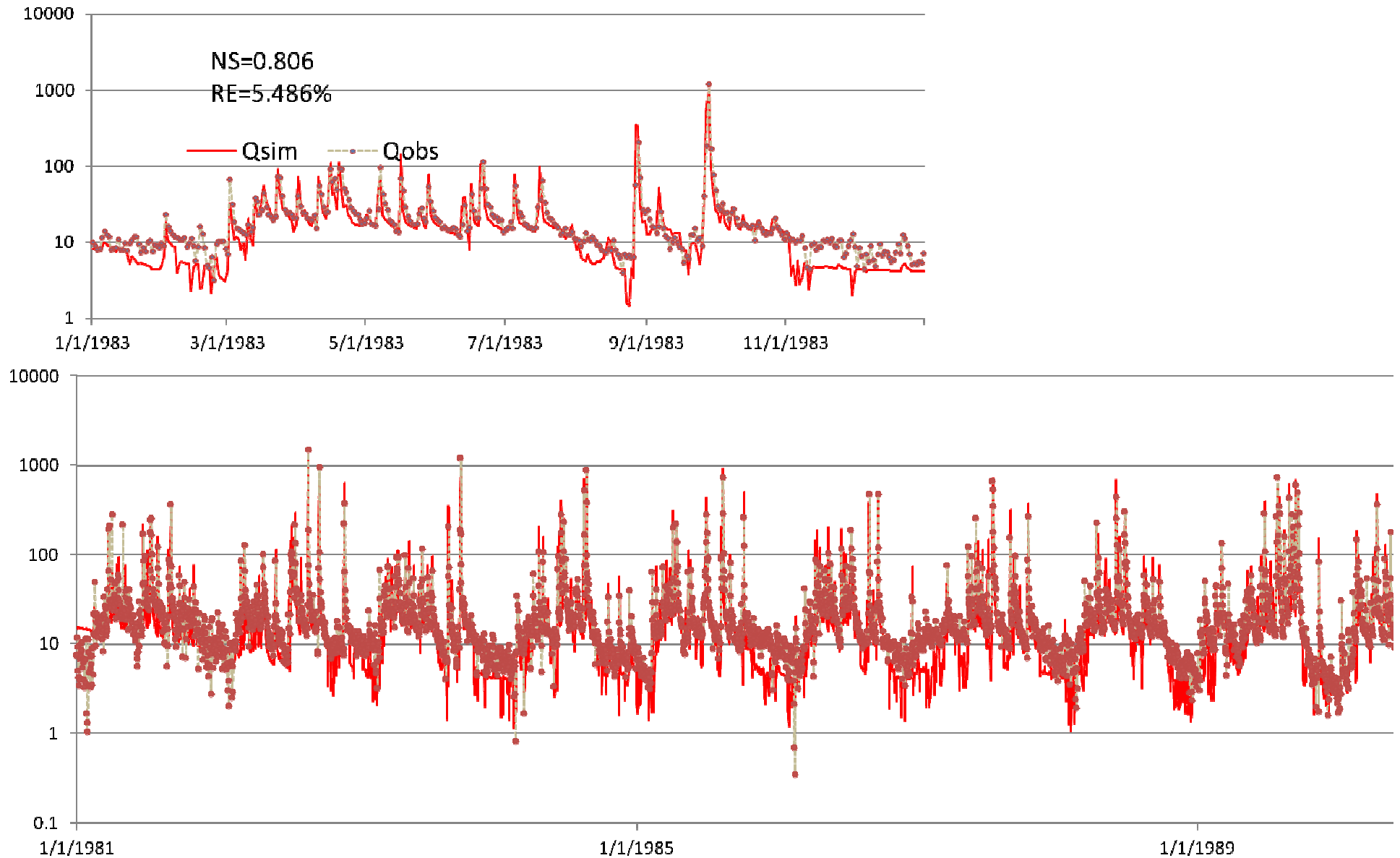
(a) Murakami

(b) Yakatabara

(c) Iwamoto


(d) Maebashi

Yoshino River 1981–2000



Requirements to Hydrological Models

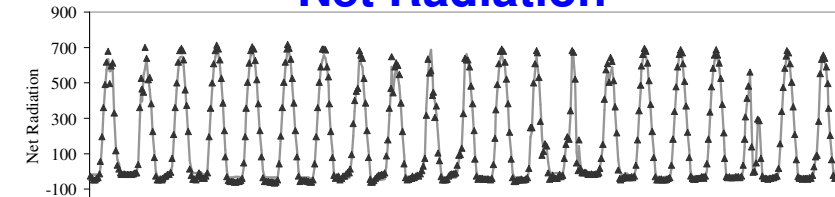
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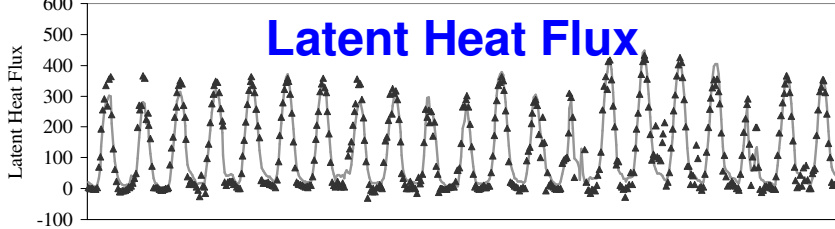
Model Evaluations with SGP97 & SGP99 Observations

NOAA flux site

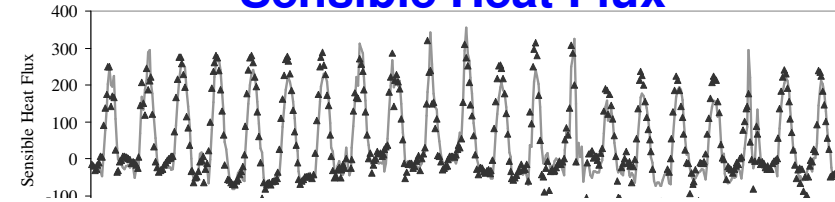
Net Radiation



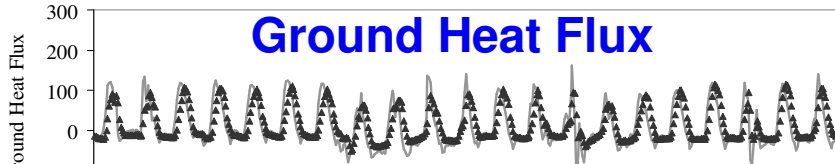
Latent Heat Flux



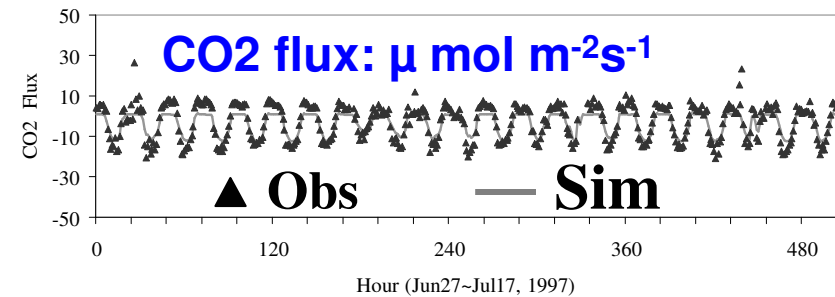
Sensible Heat Flux



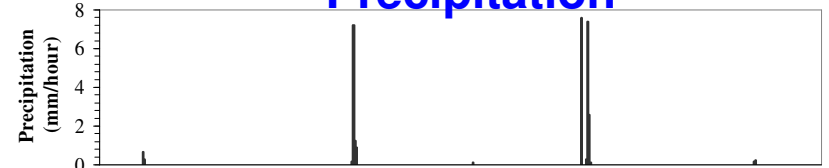
Ground Heat Flux



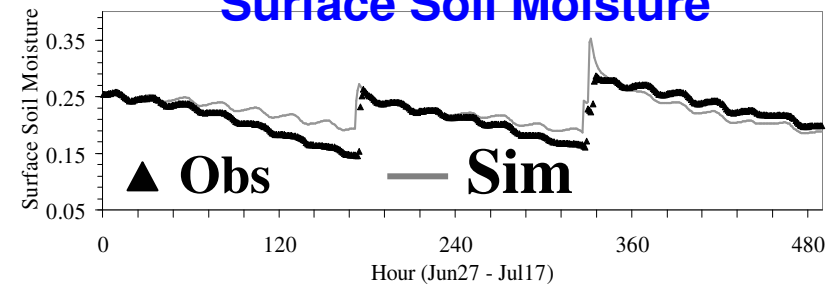
CO2 flux: $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$



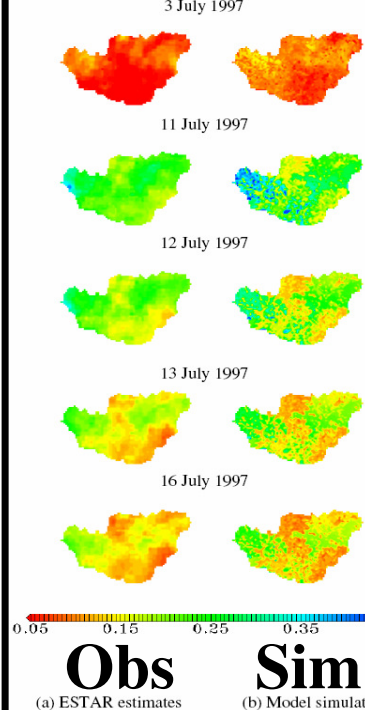
Precipitation



Surface Soil Moisture

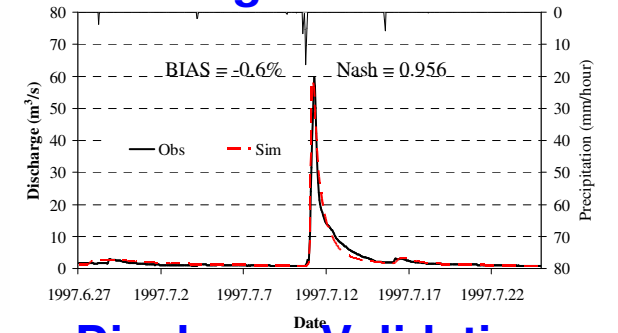


Surface soil moisture

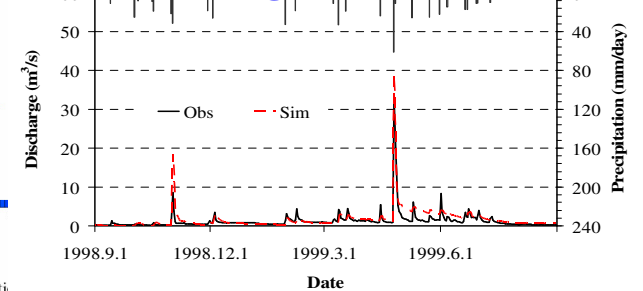


Basin-scale

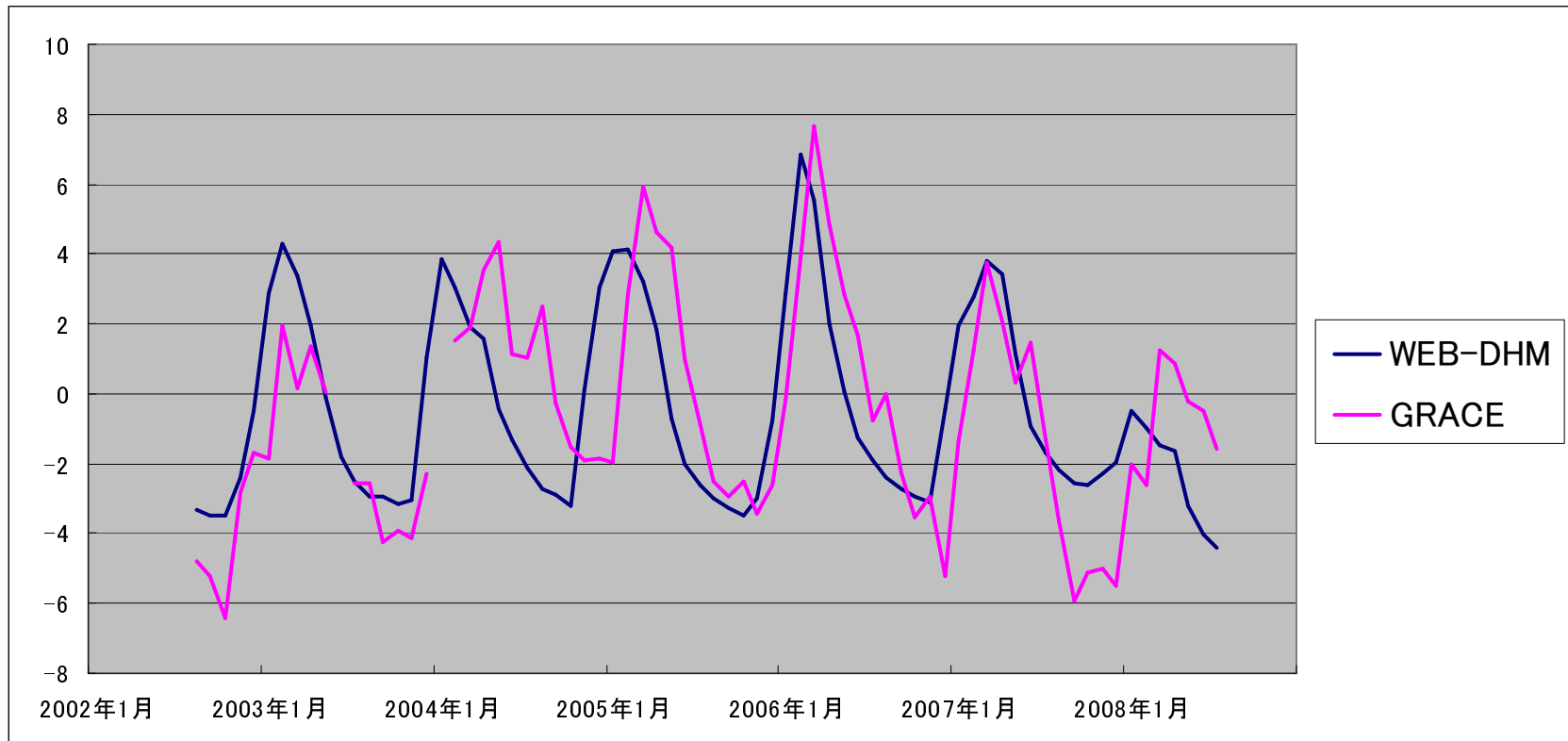
Discharge Calibration



Discharge Validation

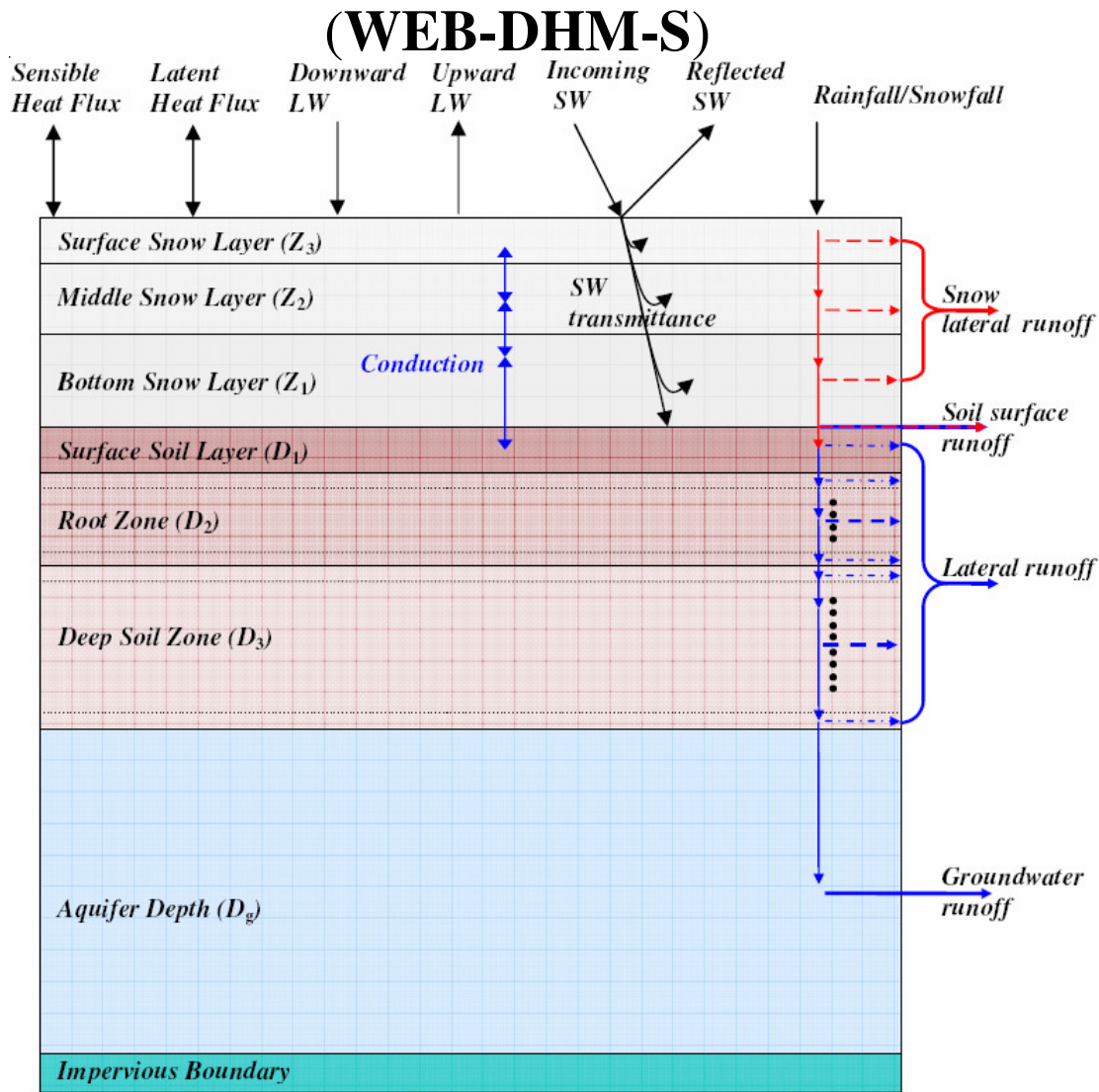


Model Simulation – Multi-Satellites Product (Ground Water in Semi-Arid Region)

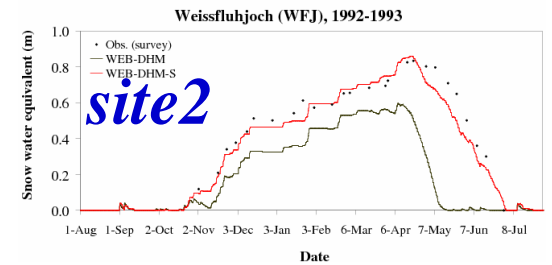
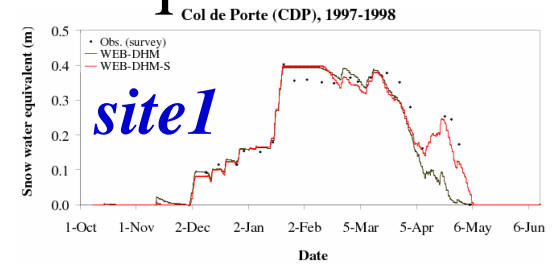


Improving the snow physics of WEB-DHM

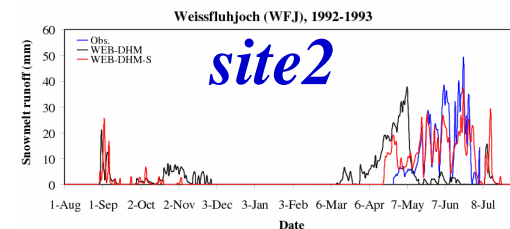
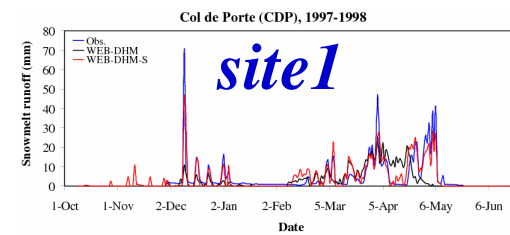
A three-layer snow model is added



Snow Water Equivalent



Snowmelt Runoff

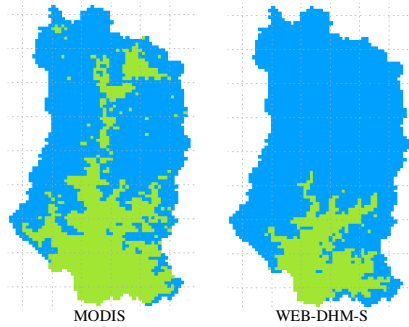


Shrestha, Wang, Koike et al., 2010

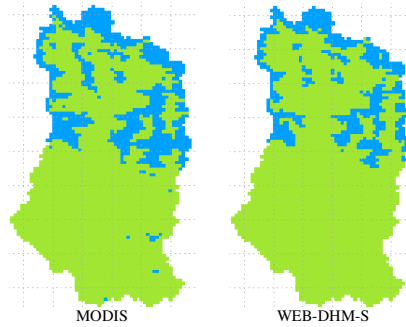
Comparison with MODIS snow cover product



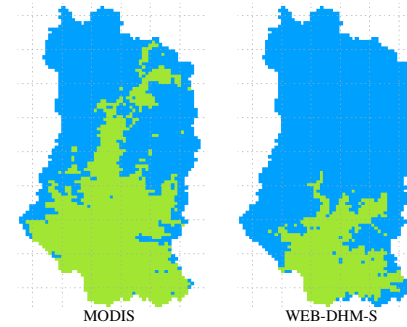
January 1, 2003



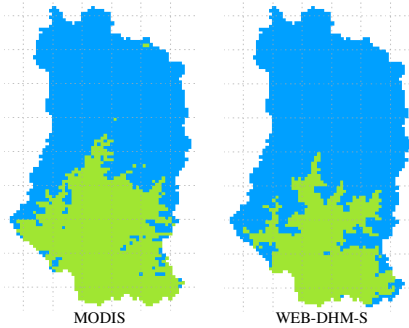
January 17, 2003



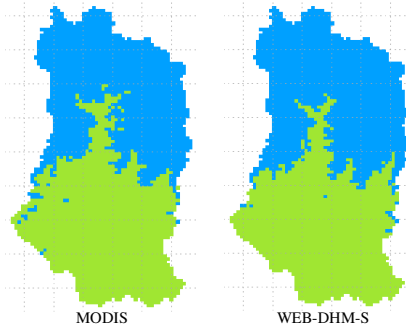
February 2, 2003



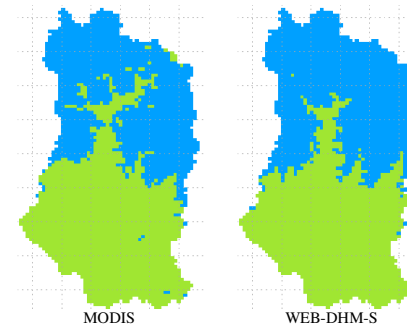
February 18, 2003



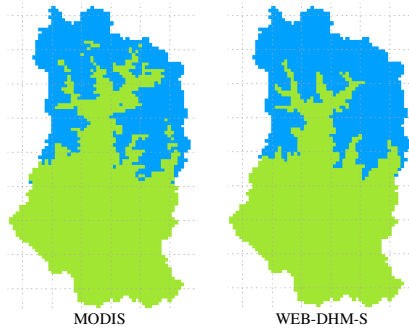
March 6, 2003



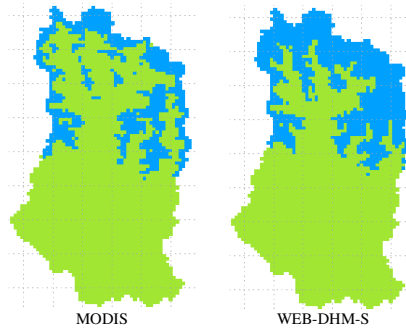
March 22, 2003



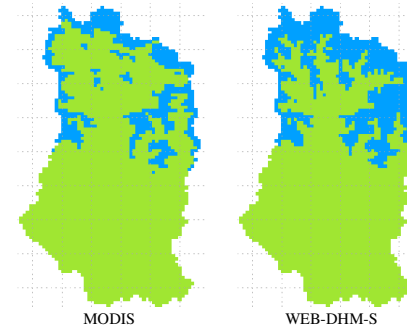
April 15, 2003



May 9, 2003

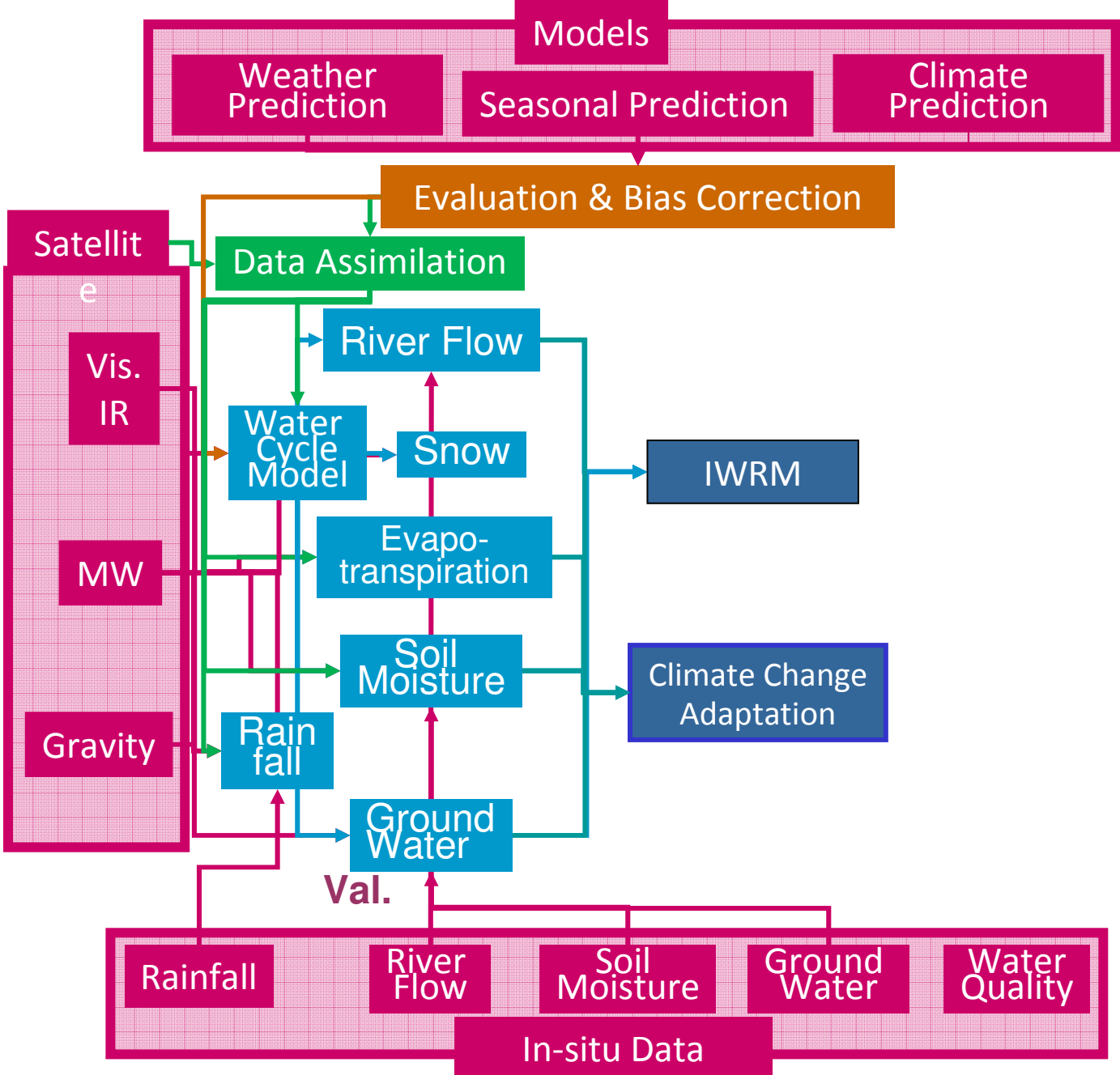


May 25, 2003

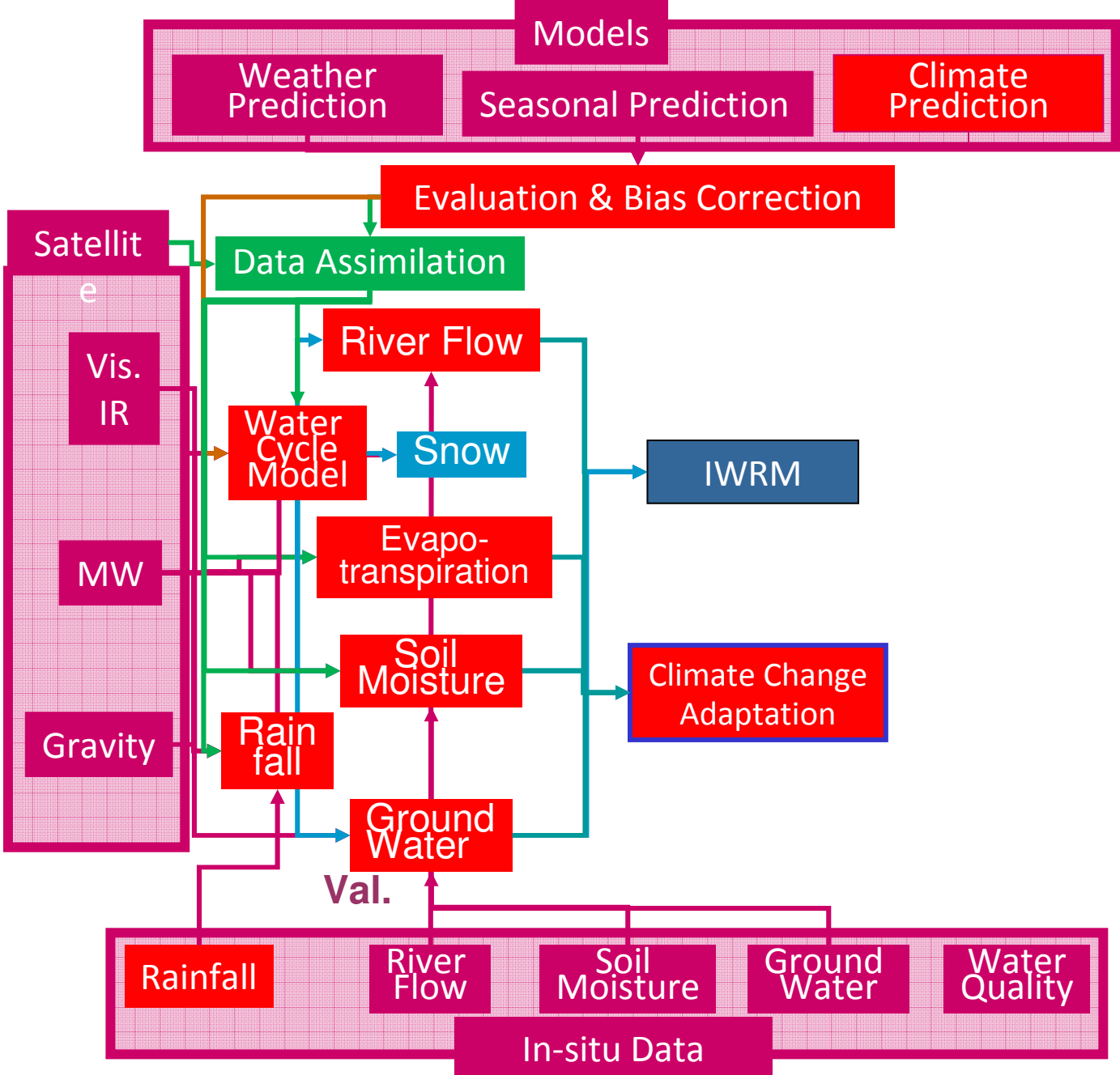


Land
Snow

Water Cycle Integrator

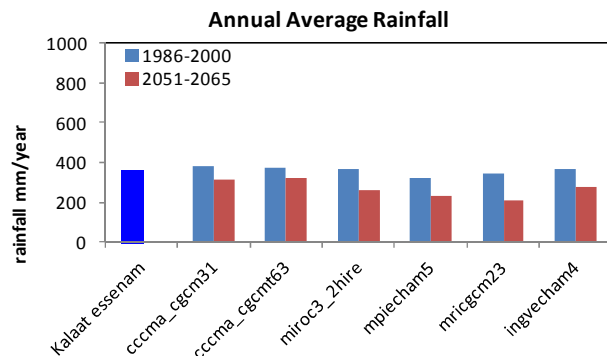


Water Cycle Integrator

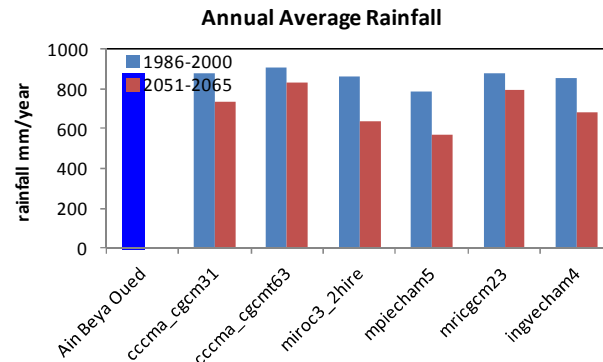


Mejerda River

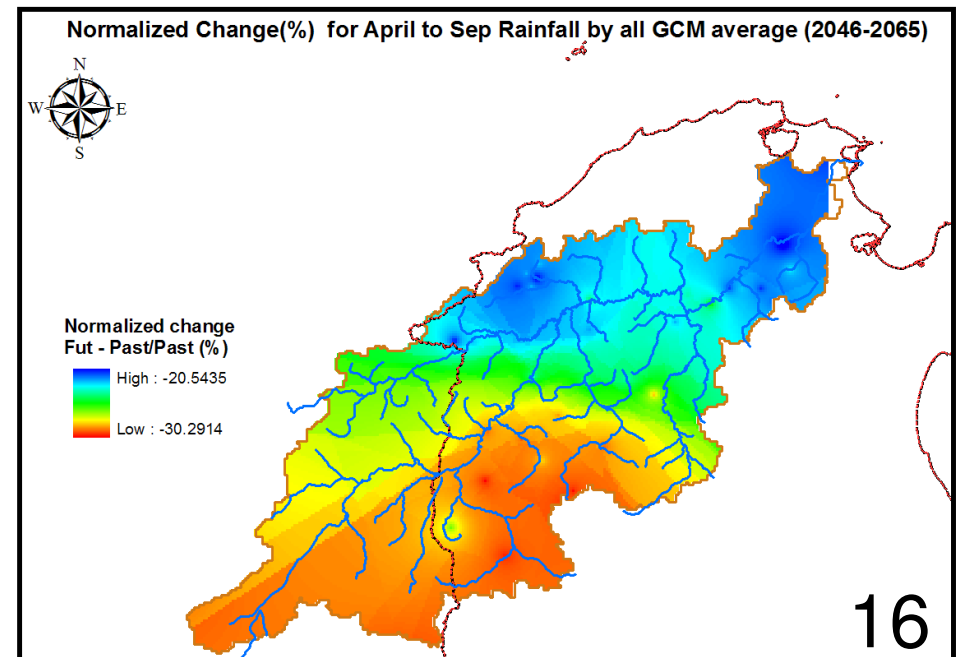
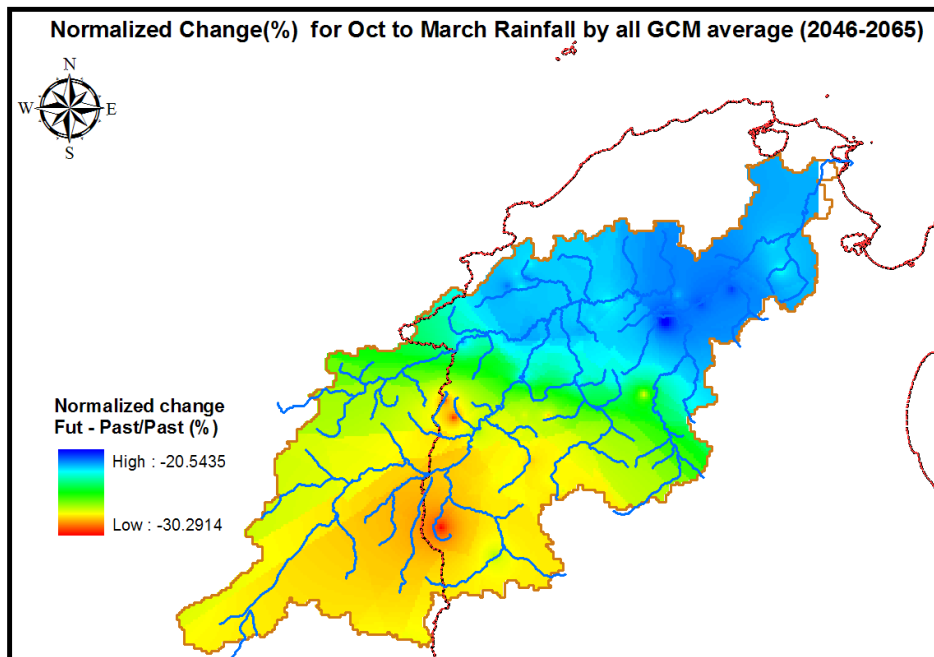
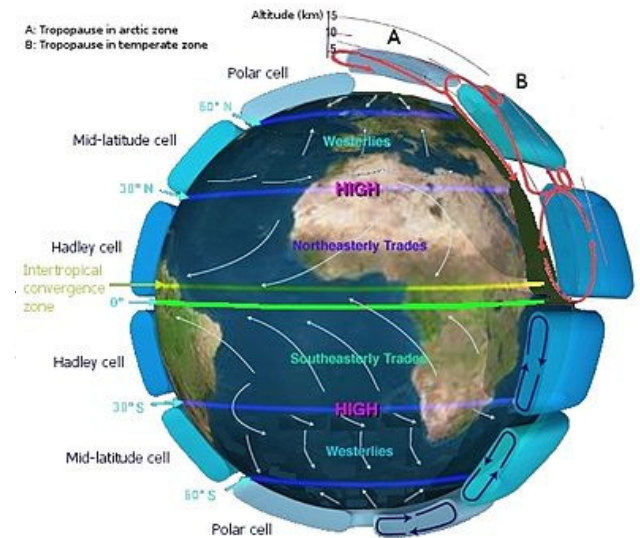
It is virtually certain that drought will become more severe.



KALAAT ESSENAM



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Changes of Drought in Angat Dam Basin

GCM Model	Drought Discharge (m ³ /s) (average 355 th rank)		# of days/year that baseflow < past drought discharge (average of 355 th rank)		Upper Limit of Drought Discharge(m ³ /s) (10 th percentile of 355 th rank)		# of days/year that baseflow < past drought discharge (10 th percentile of 355 th rank)		Longest # of days for each year below average drought discharge	
	Past	Future	Past	Future	Past	Future	Past	future	Past	Future
MIROC	0.144	0.151	27	34	0.123	0.107	2	13	100	135
IPSL	1.85	6.46	22	0	1.6	5.939	2	0	59	0
INGV	0.17	0.194	30	11	0.138	0.156	3	0	104	76
GFDL_1	0.156	0.173	39	28	0.123	0.131	1	0	134	88
GFDL_0	0.174	0.175	44	64	0.122	0.116	3	13	167	255
CSIRO	0.15	0.154	37	34	0.13	0.11	5	15	193	191

red = drier in future; more frequent below drought discharge

blue = wetter in future; less frequently below drought discharge

Changes of Drought at San Isidro gauge, Pampanga River Basin

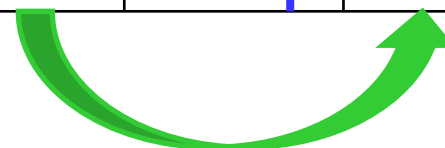
GCM	Drought Discharge (m ³ /s) (average 355 th rank)		# of days/year that baseflow < past drought discharge (average of 355 th rank)		Upper Limit of Drought Discharge(m ³ /s) (10 th percentile of 355 th rank)		# of days/year that baseflow < past drought discharge (10 th percentile of 355 th rank)		Longest # of days for each year below average drought discharge	
	Past	Future	Past	Future	Past	Future	Past	future	Past	Future
MIROC	3.84	2.529	22	34	0.899	0.58	3	9	93	106
IPSL	11.78	12.547	19	19	3.791	4.209	2	1	54	87
INGV	5.05	3.96	18	22	1.528	1.451	3	5	54	57
GFDL_1	4.78	2.93	30	43	0.749	0.665	2	2.95	96	111
GFDL_0	3.64	2.43	29	34	0.746	0.695	5	6	100	124
CSIRO	12.66	9.948	21	35	2.763	1.905	2	7	57	79

red = drier in future; more frequent below drought discharge

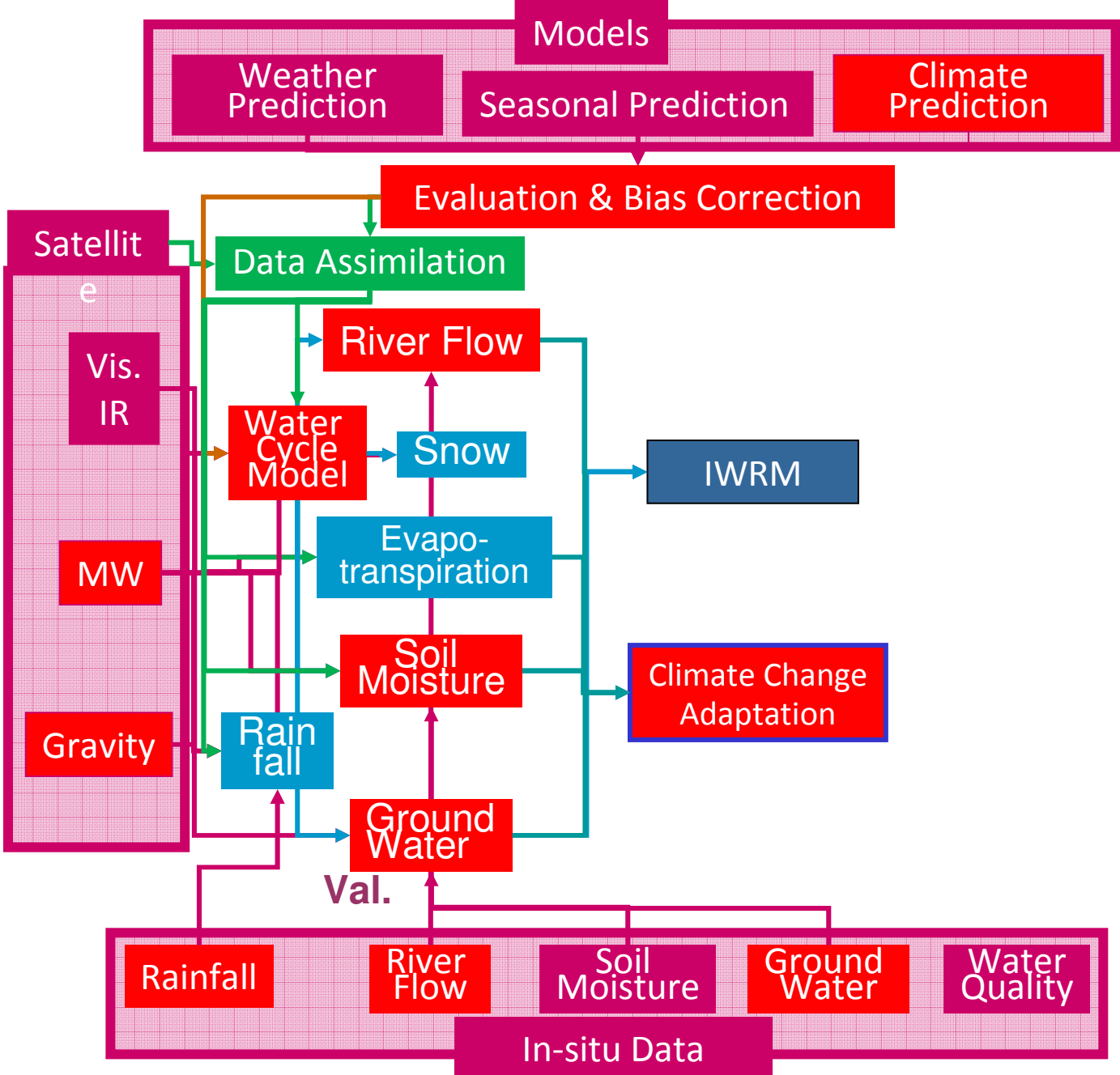
blue = wetter in future; less frequently below drought discharge

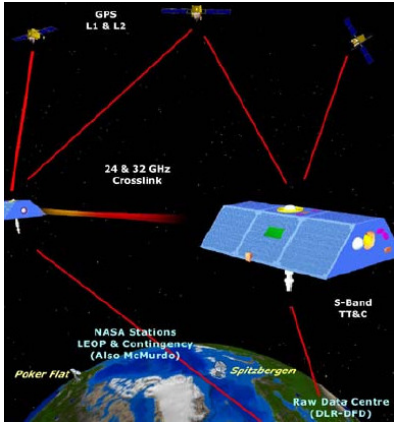
Past versus future Annual Average Discharge for each GCM for Angat dam inflow.

GCM	Annual Average Discharge (m ³ /s)			
	Past		Future	
	Average	Stdev	Average	Stdev
MIROC	28.3	80.3	27.8	↓ 114.6
IPSL	35.3	94.4	63.7	↑ 159.7
INGV	32.8	85.0	35.4	↑ 105.4
GFDL_1	32.6	85.4	31.3	↓ 109.79
GFDL_0	35.0	90.3	34.2	↓ 101.66
CSIRO	28.5	67.1	30.3	↑ 152.80

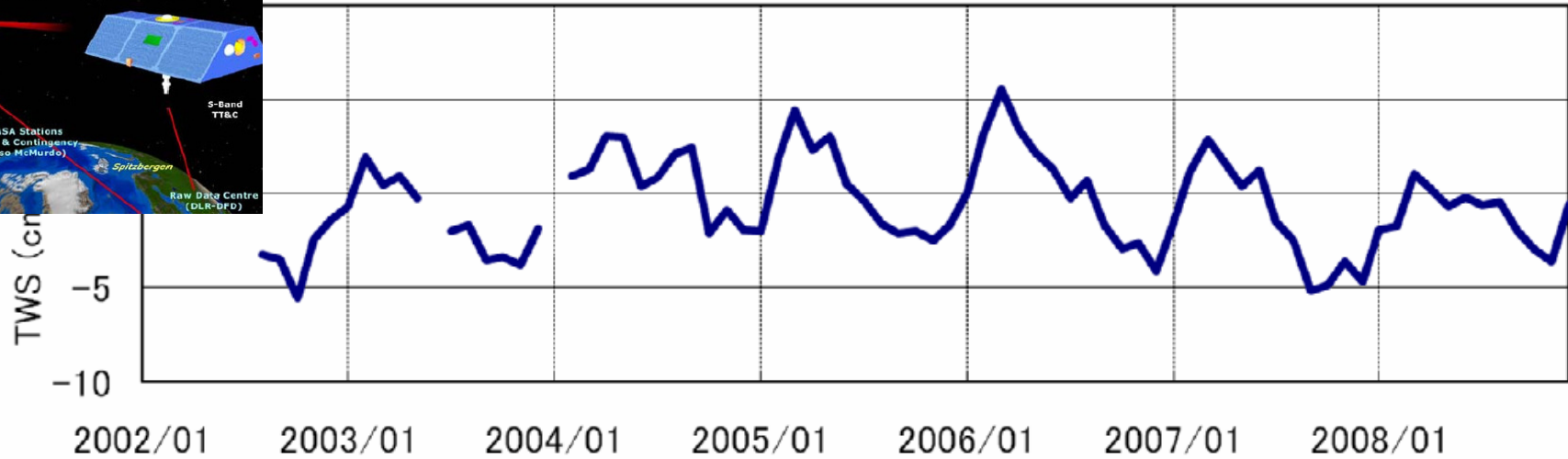


Water Cycle Integrator

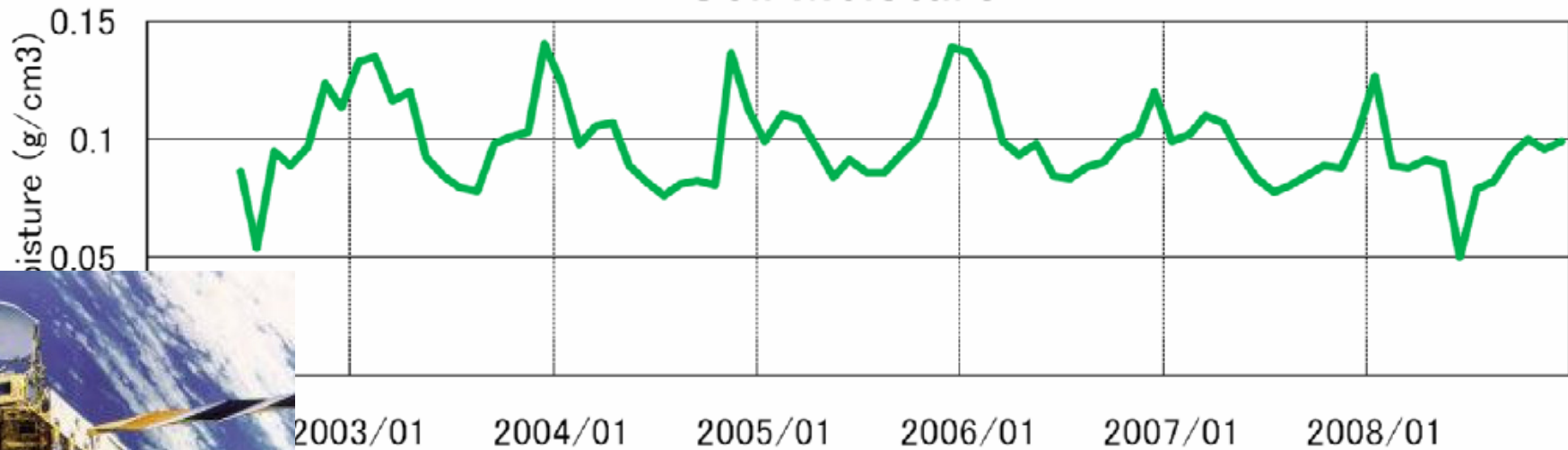


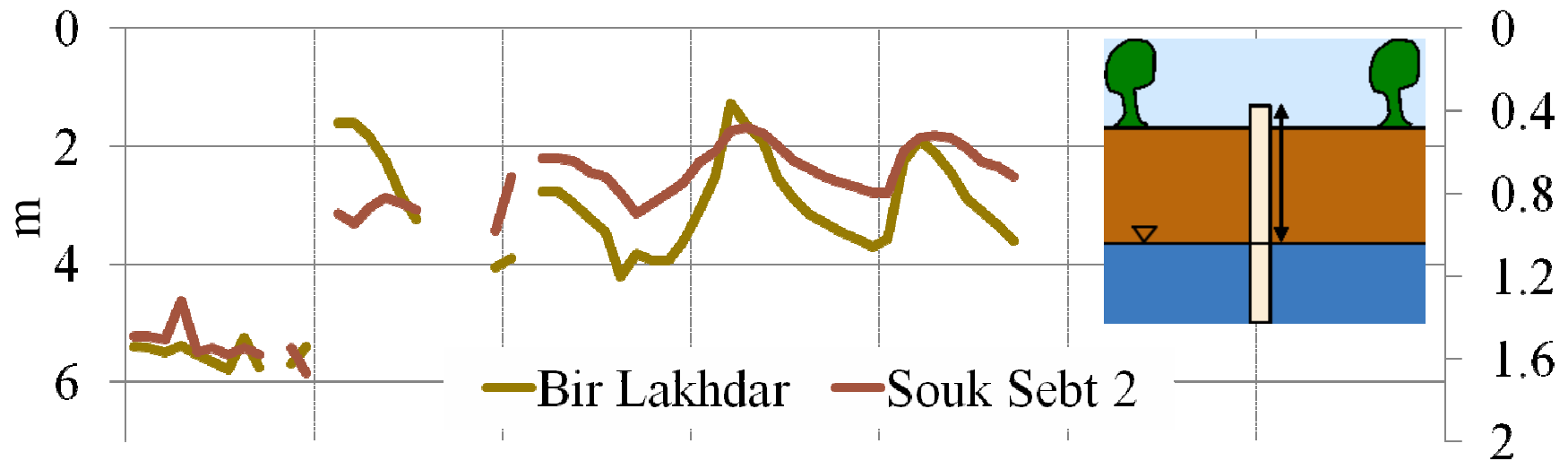
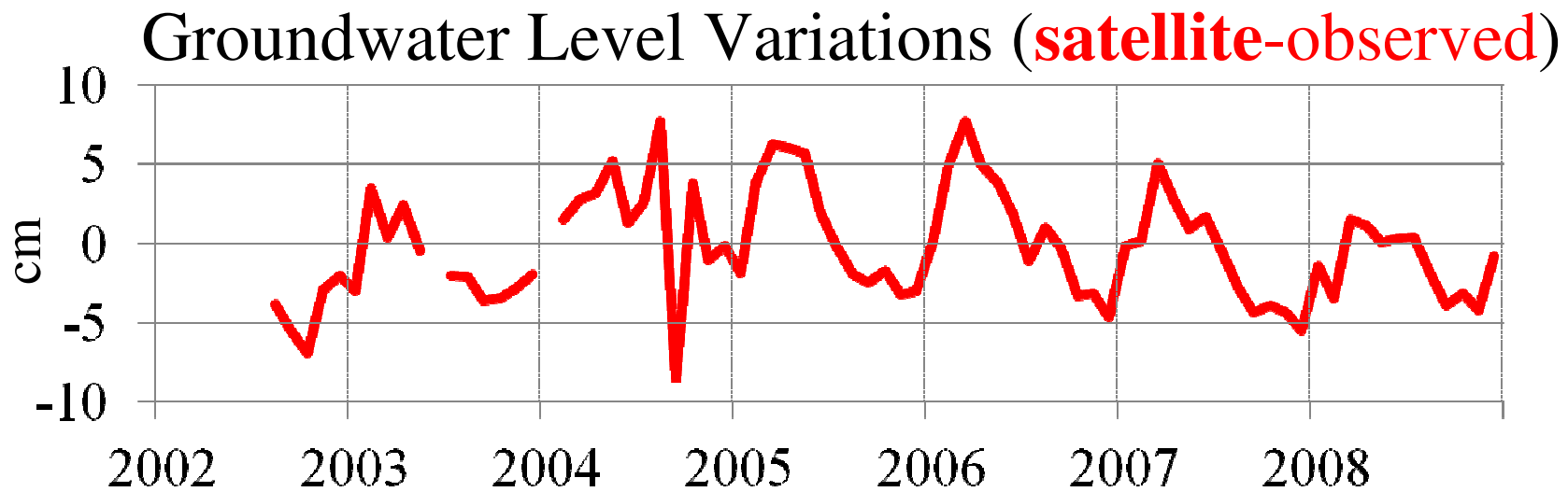


Terrestrial Water Storage Change

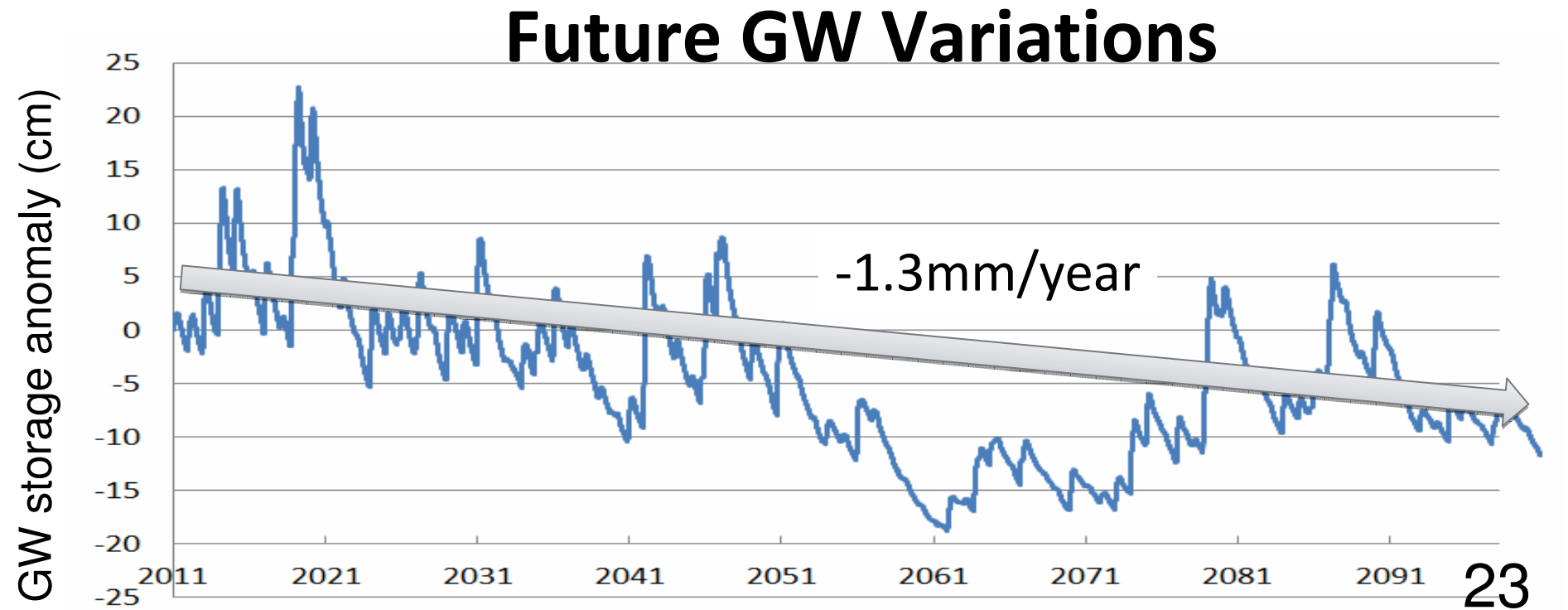
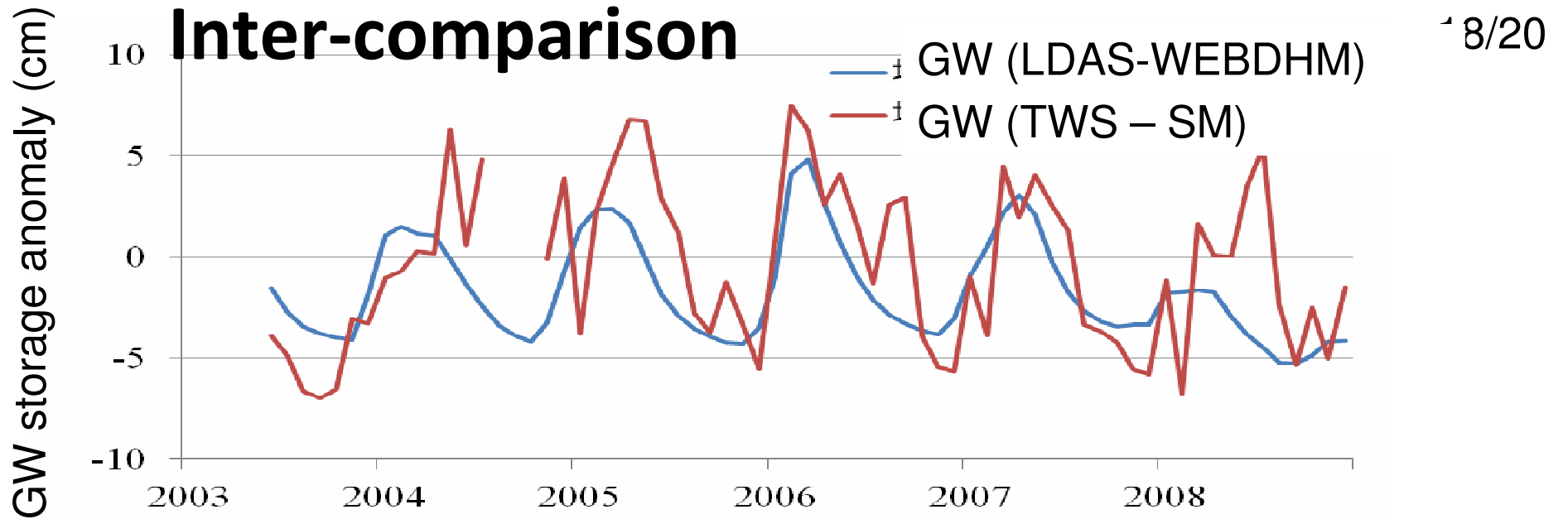


Soil Moisture

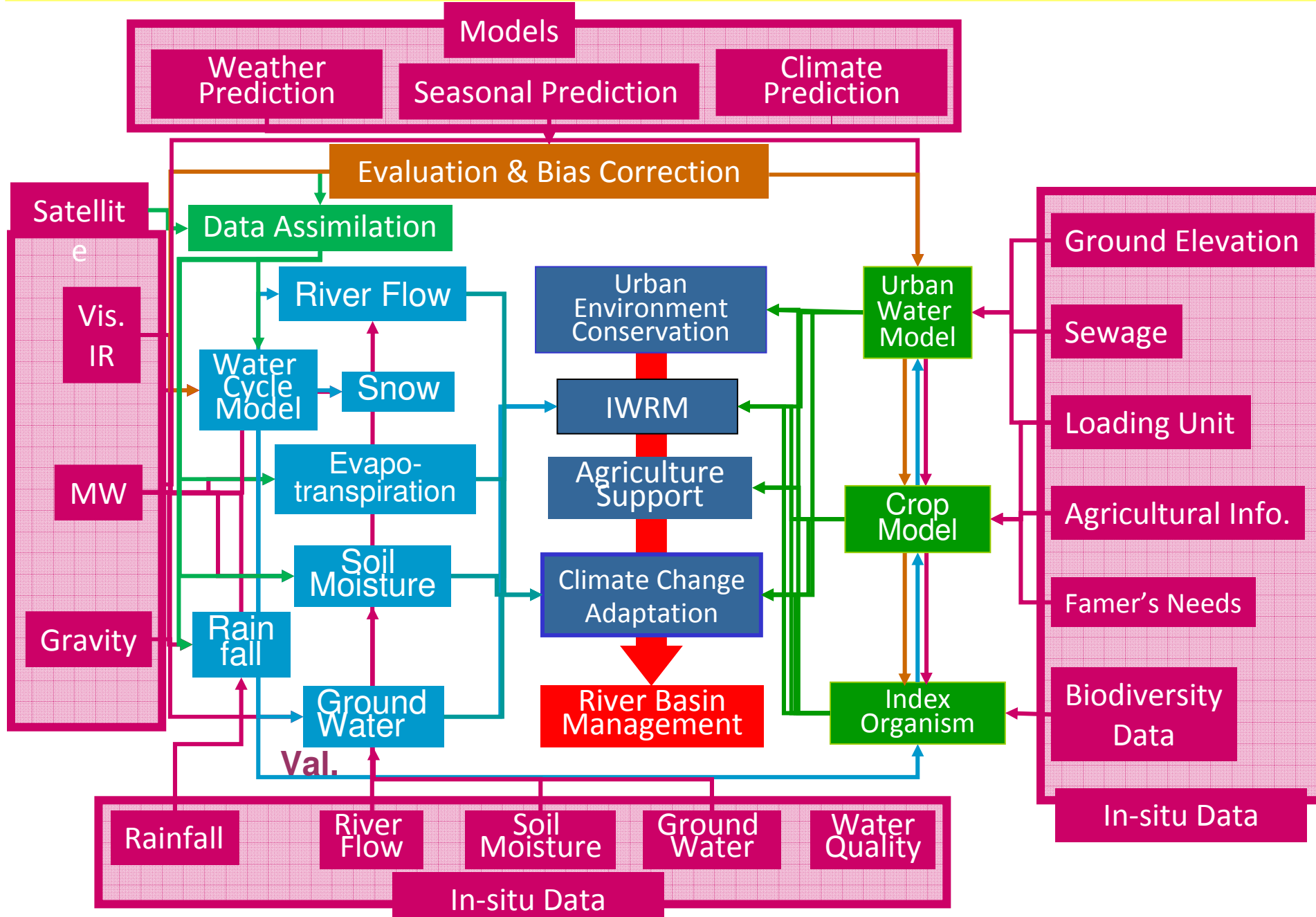




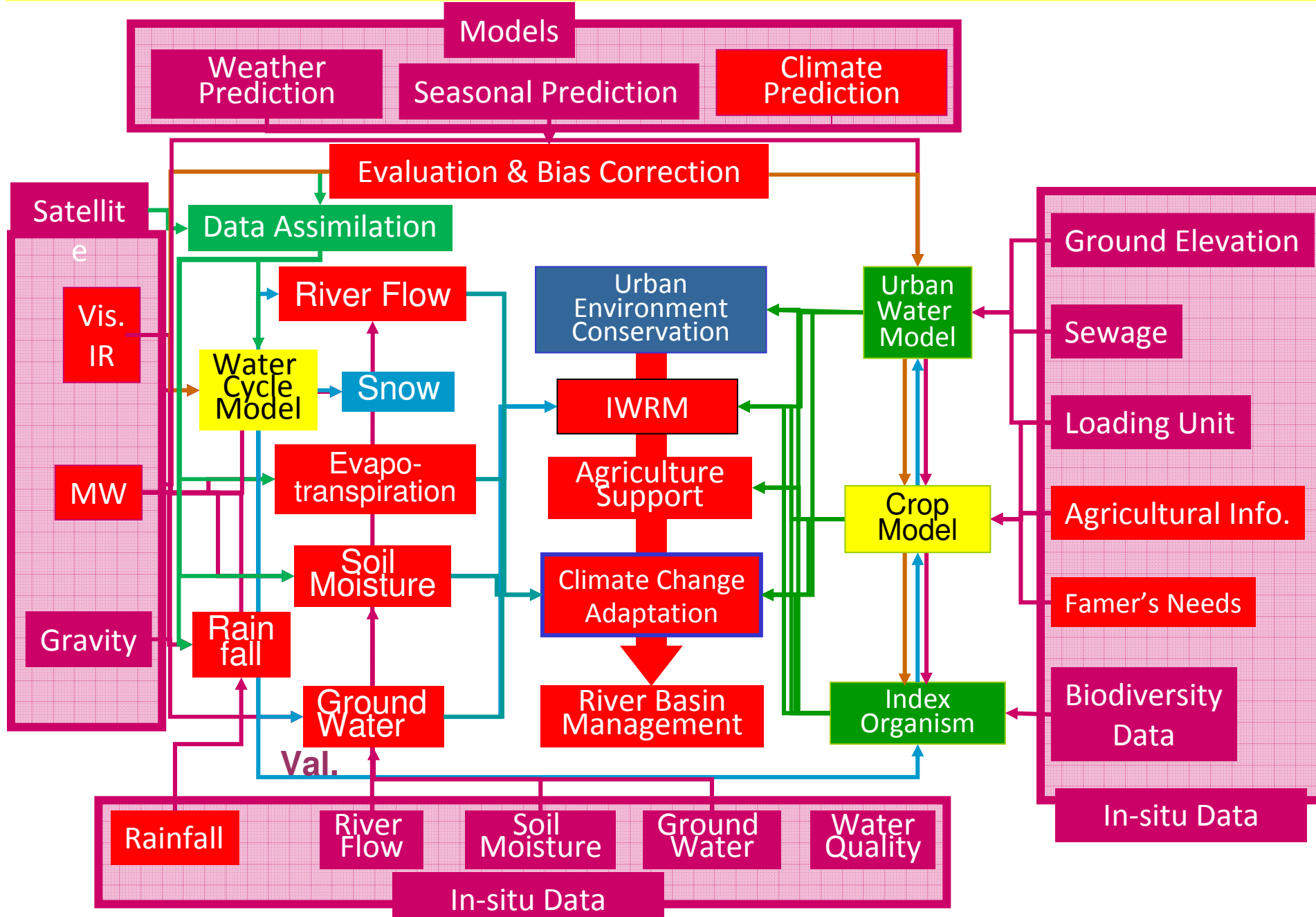
Groundwater Level Variations (**ground-observed**)



Water Cycle Integrator



Water Cycle Integrator



Cambodia CROP & WATER Watch

Farmer

Province
 Village

CROP DATA

- soil moisture
- irrigation
- discharge
- plant date
- yield simulation

Field# LAT
 LON

Field# LAT
 LON

type

type

planting / /

planting / /

Irrigation1 / /

Irrigation1 / /

Irrigation2 / /

Irrigation2 / /

Fertilixzation1 / /

Fertilixzation1 / /

Fertilixzation2 / /

Fertilixzation2 / /

RAIN MAP

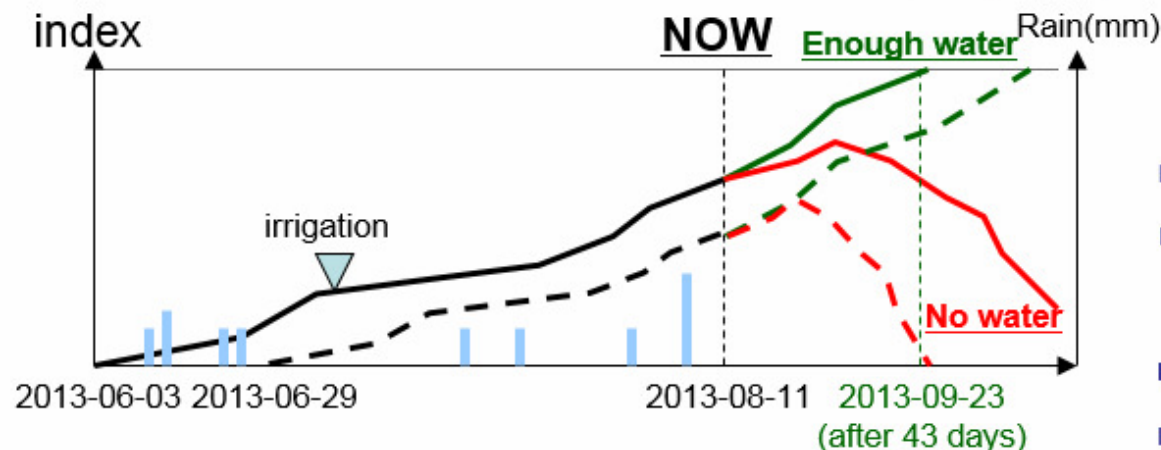
- raw data
- corrected data

METEO. DATA

- latest data
- past data
- stats data
- station

SATELLITE

- soil moisture map
- 10km scale
- 10-100m scale
- flooding area



Production

Enough water

Field 1

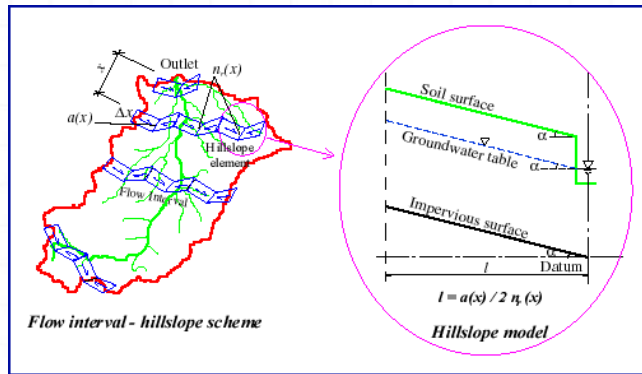
Field 2

No water

Field 1

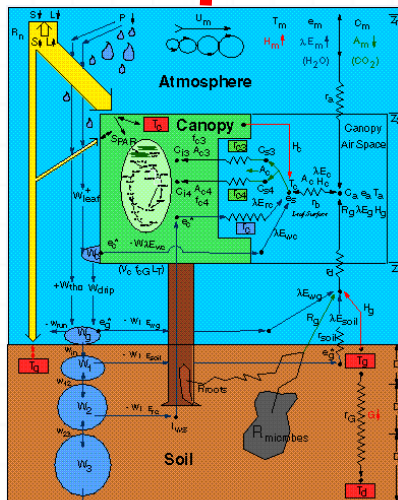
Field 2

A eco-hydrological model: WEB-DHM + DVM



GBHM(river model)

Coupling



Hydro-SiB

⇒ WEB-DHM + DVM can simultaneously reproduce river discharge and vegetation growth.

Dynamic Vegetation Model

Carbon Allocation Model

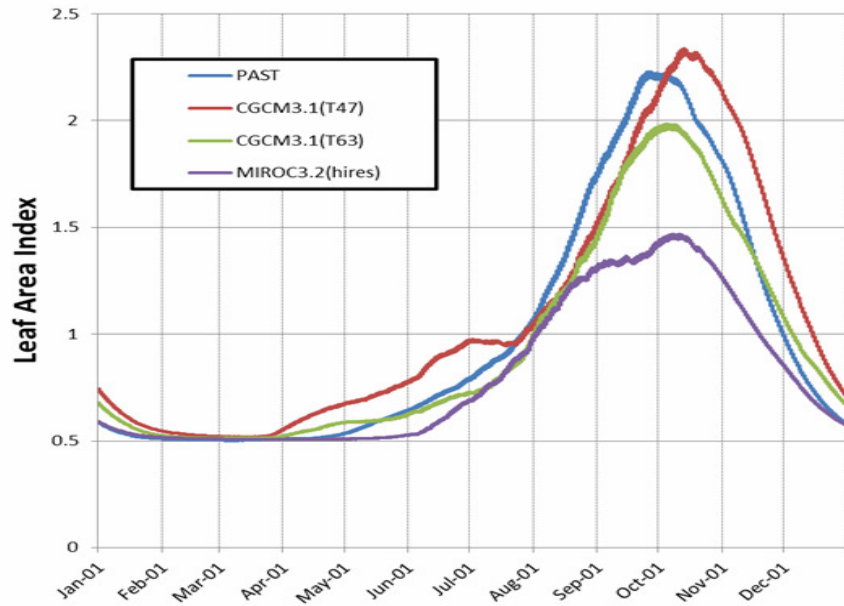
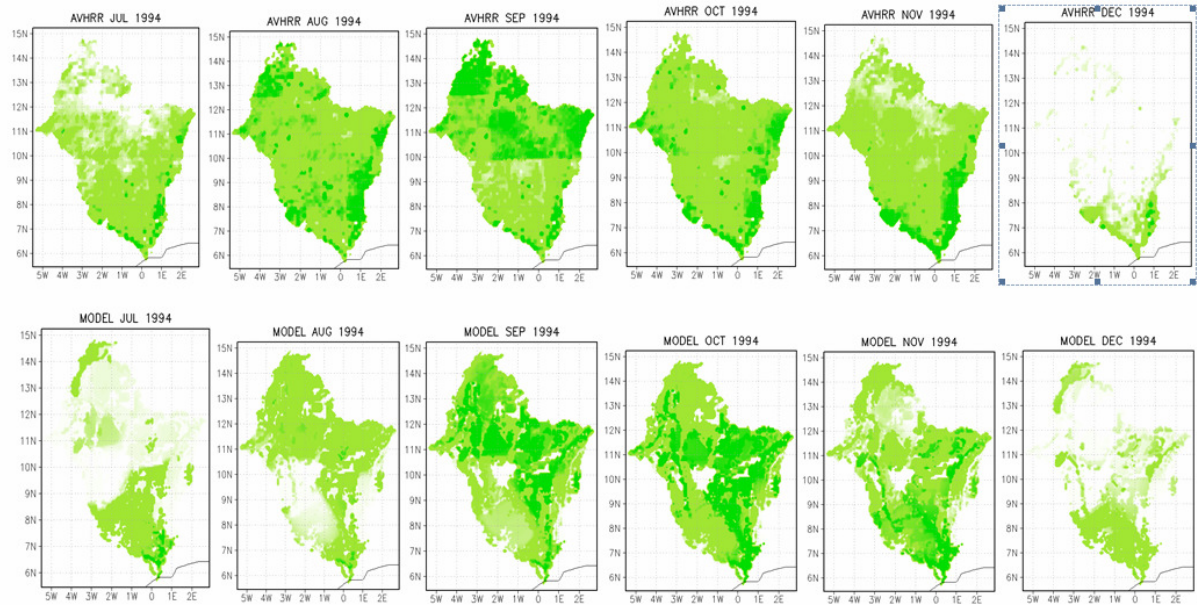
Carbon-Pool Update Model

Carbon-LAI Conversion Model

AVHRR LAI

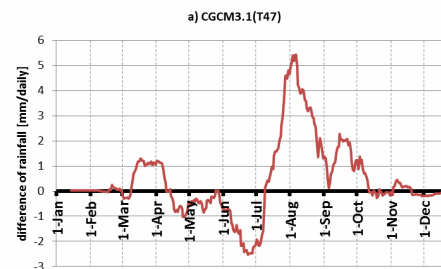
Volta River

Simulated LAI

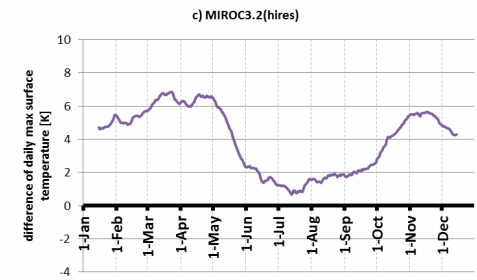


Climate Change Impact Assessment of Biomass Production in the Volta River Basin

Precipitation



Air Temperature



Water Cycle Integrator

