# Welcome to the Presentation

Country Input to AWCI Phase 2 Implementation Plan: Bangladesh



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### **BANGLADESH AT A GLANCE**



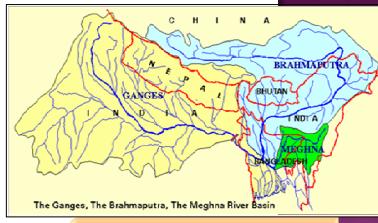
**Geo-physical setting** 

**Indian River Linking** 



#### **Key Points:**

- 140 million population
- 1,47,570 km<sup>2</sup> area of flat topography
- 57 major rivers enter either from India or Myanmar
- 92% of the catchment areas are outside Bangladesh
- Bangladesh drains
  water from an area 12
  times its own size



Brahmaputra, Ganges and Meghna Basin: Constitutes 80% of the floodplain

Impacts of water scarcity and cyclones

#### New threats to country's WR:

- River linking project by India together with the impact of climate change
- Desertification
- Frequent natural calamities
- Salinity intrusion
- Sea-level rise



## **CRITICAL AND SPECIFIC ISSUES**



**River Bank Erosion** 

#### Issues of Bangladesh:

- landslides / erosion
- Sea level rise
- Temperature rise
- Depletion of ground

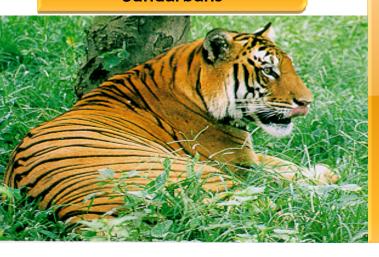
#### water

- Hydropower
- Trans-boundary and international coordination (MRC)
- Biodiversity



**Floods** 

Damage to biodiversity of Sundarbans



#### **WRM Vulnerabilities:**

- Biodiversity of the deltaic country is immensely affected by the activities in the upstream
- WR management becomes a challenge under climate variability and resource constraints

Effects of water diversion and climate change



### **NEED FOR RESOURCES**

#### **Available Resources/Capabilities:**

- Discharge measuring stations
- Water level measuring stations
- Groundwater level measuring stations
- Satellite images by SPARRSO
- Weather forecast by BMD
- Flood forecasting system by FFWC
- Well trained personnel of BUET& MoD
- Linkages with national & international organizations
- In-house training facilities

#### **Lack of Capability:**

- Improvement of climate & flood models
- Tools for impact modeling and assessment
- Vulnerability and risk assessment tools to various sectors
- Analytical tools to describe weather extremes and variability

## **ISSUES RELATED TO WATER NEXUS**

#### **Water-Agriculture Nexus:**

- Huge demand of food for huge population
- Scarcity of surface water
- Over exploitation of groundwater for irrigation and drinking
- Arsenic contamination of groundwater and Arsenic in the food chain pose health risk
- Damage to agricultural land in the coastal region due to salinity intrusion

## Water-Biodiversity, Ecosystem Nexus:

- Reduced dry season flows
- Upstream diversion of river water across the borders
- Damage to ecosystem in the rivers and biodiversity of Sundarbans
- Increased concentration of inland surface water

## **ON-GOING PROJECTS & PROGRAMS**

#### **Agriculture:**

- A number of small and large irrigation projects undertaken by BWDB, BADC, LGED, Barendra Authority
- GK, Teesta, Meghna-Dhonagoda,
  Barendra Irrigation, Thakurgaon
  Deep Tubewell Projects are
  mentionable

#### **Energy:**

- Kaptai Hydropower station
- Ganges Barrage with hydropower generation facilities

#### Health:

 A number of projects for providing arsenic free water

#### **Urban:**

- Water supply, sanitation and sewerage system development projects
- Upgrading urban drainage and rainwater collector system
- Rainwater harvesting projects for households

#### **Ecosystem and Biodiversity:**

- Ganges Barrage Project
- Gorai River Restoration Project
- North-Western Irrigation Project

#### Infrastructure:

 Different structures for flood protection, river bank protection, irrigation pump stations and water supply schemes

## **RESPONSE TO SOME QUESTIONS**

## How can we address seasonal variability at national level?

- Assessment of future climate variability using GCM/RCM output
- Water sharing between two boarder countries
- Invention of crops tolerant to climate variability and water logging

How can we manage water resources in proper way between upstream and downstream and among different sector uses: hydropower, irrigation, water supply?

- Sharing of water in Trans-boundary rivers
- Guidelines by Joint Rivers Commission
- Regular meetings and discussions
- Agreement with guarantee clause

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## How can we address seasonal variability at national level?

- Dissemination of information through national level agencies i.e. BUET, MoD
- Modification of design criteria considering climate change impact on flood, cyclones, drought etc
- Develop inter-organizational cooperation

## SPECIFIC NEEDS FOR BANGLADESH

#### **Observation:**

- Modernization and expansion of existing data collection network
- Remote Sensing data at finer scale

#### Models:

- Distributed models (MIKE SHE)
- Hydrodynamic models

#### Data Access:

- Access to real time data is required
- Easy access to global data is essential

## <u>Platform for sharing data and knowledge:</u>

Regional approach

#### **Management Systems:**

- Forecasting (Flood and Drought)
- Early warning (Flash flood, cyclones)

### **COLLABORATION AT NATIONAL LEVEL**

Holistic approach, wellorganized body, regional seminars:

- Inter-agency & interministerial approach to be adopted headed by MoD
- Involvement of experts
  from both national &
  international level
- Regular seminar/workshops to disseminate knowledge

Maintaining quality of data:

- Regular training of human resources through BUET
- Capacity building in data recording, modeling and forecasting with introduction of modern technologies through BUET & MoD

## IMPLEMENTATION PROPOSAL

#### Framework developmental approach:

- Inter-ministerial committee for project implementation
- Involvement of technical person and stakeholders
- Technical support through AWCI and private sector participation

#### Strategic approach:

- Coupling experiences from completed projects of a country and demonstrated projects by AWCI
- Use results from a well calibrated and validated model for the concerned basin

#### Technical approach:

- Modeling for climate change impact assessment using downscaled data
- Technical supports for manpower training, modeling software and data access (AWCI, GOESS)
- Model validation, downscaling of climate data, use of competent models etc

#### **Capacity development:**

- BUET organizes various training programs throughout the year
- Trainings/seminars/workshops can be organized at BUET jointly with MoD with support from AWCI
- Any international collaboration can be well maintained by BUET
- BUET & MoD are capable enough to organize such workshops as per requirement

## THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION