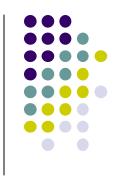
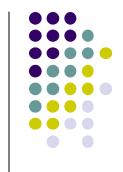
JMA's Activities



- 1. JRA-55
 (Japanese 55-years
 Reanalysis)
- 2. JMA Global Model

Hirotaka Kamahori, MRI/JMA



1. JRA-55 JMA 55-year Reanalysis

Experience in previous JRA

Good points

- 1. high quality in global precipitation fields
- 2. Representation of tropical cyclones
- 3. Lower stratus in west coast of continents

Shortcomings

- 1. Relatively short target period
- 2. Dry bias in Amazonian area
- 3. Lower bias in stratospheric temperature

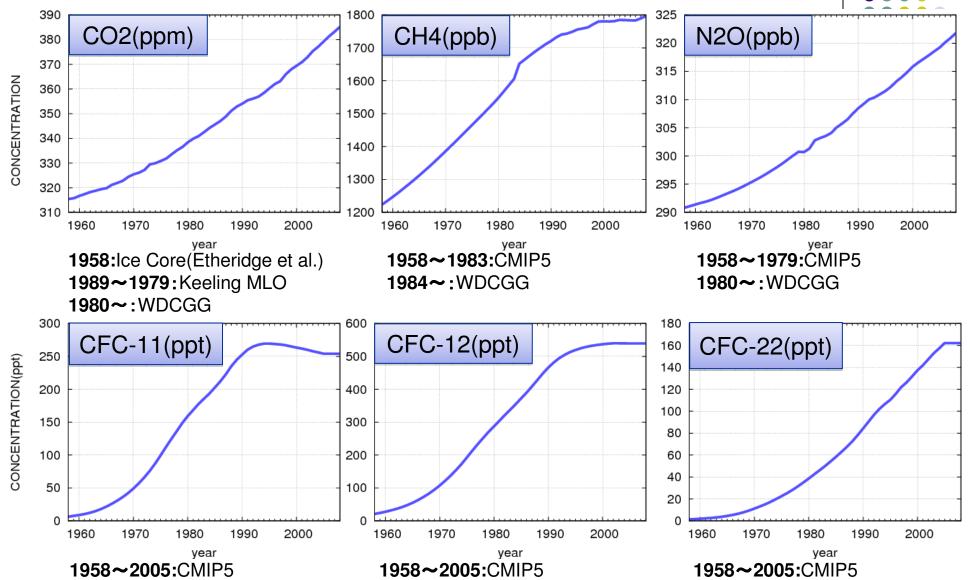
Improvement from JRA-25

		JRA-25	JRA-55		
Target period		1979 – 2004 (26yr)	1958 - 2012 <mark>(5</mark> 5	iyr)	
Model	Resolution	T106L40 Top:0.4hPa Horizontal:120km	TL319L60 Top: 0.1hPa Horizontal: 60km		
	Time integration	Euler	Semi-Lagrangean		
	Physics	As of Mar.2004	New radiation		
	Green House Gas	CO2:375ppm(Const)	CMIP5 or other CO2、CH4、N2O、CFC-11 CFC-12、HCFC-22		
Assimilation		3D-VAR	4D-VAR		
Bias Correction		[Upper Air] RAOB(Andrae et al.,2004)	[Upper Air] RAOBCORE Satellite Variational bias correction		

Green House Gases



2006~: CMIP5 for 2005



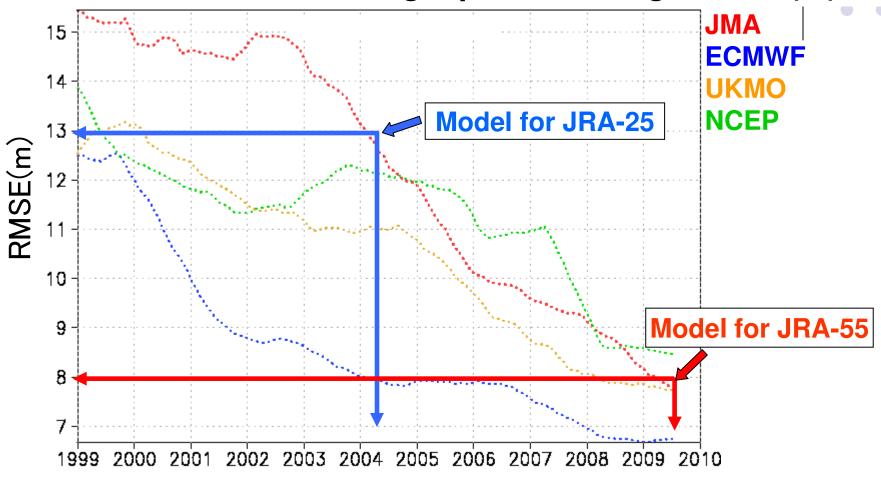
2006~: CMIP5 for 2005

2006~: CMIP5 for 2005

mprovements in Global Mode

Mode Till Grobat Mode To

RMSE for 24hour 500hPa geopotential height in NH(m)



RMSE: Root Mean Square Error

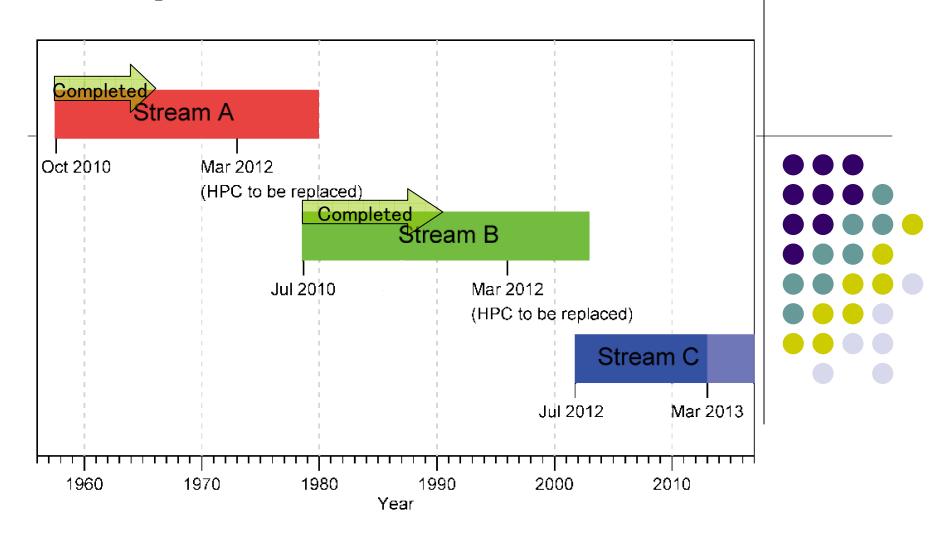
Lower RMSE means higher quality reanalysis products.

Previous Reanalyses

Name	Organizarion	target	Assimilation Resolution	Status	
R1	NCEP/NCAR	1948- present	3D-Var T62L28(200km)	Ongoing	
R2	NCEP/DOE	1979- present	3D-Var T62L28(200km)	Ongoing	
ERA-15	ECMWF	1979-1993	3D-OI T106L31 (120km)	Completed	
GEOS1	NASA/DAO	1980-1995	3D-OI + IAU 2×2.5deg L20	Completed	
ERA-40	ECMWF	1957—2002	3D-Var TL159L60(120km)	Completed	
ERA- interim	ECMWF	1979- present	4D-Var TL255L60(80km)	Ongoing	
JRA-25	JMA/CRIEPI	1979- present	3D-Var T106L40 (120km)	Ongoing	
JRA-55	JMA	1958- present	4D-Var TL319L60(60km)		

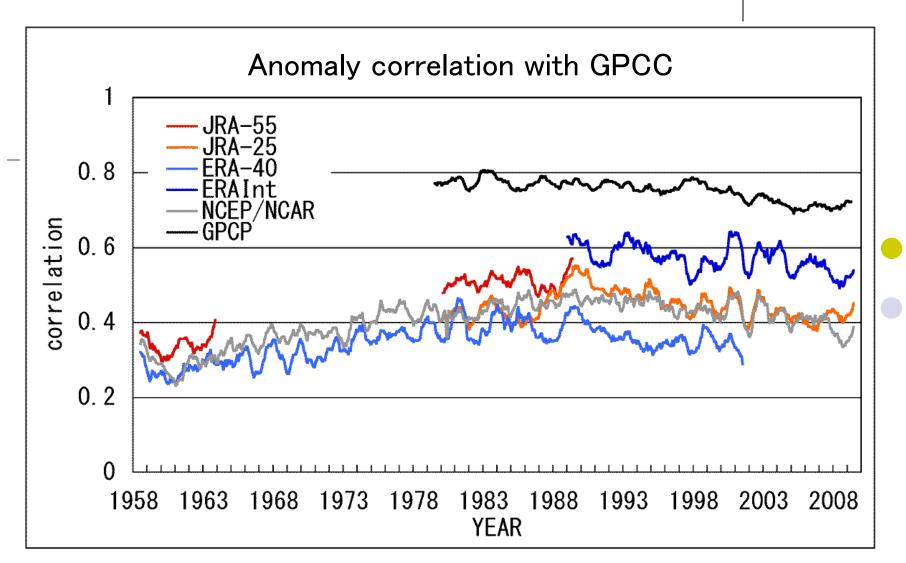
Stream and Progress

Whole period is divided to 3 stream.



Preliminary Result

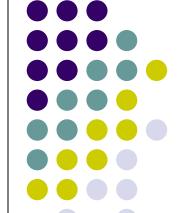
Quality of Land Precipitation



1-25 is Opened for Research Use

Research users can download JRA-25 products, after registration.

http://jra.kishou.go.jp



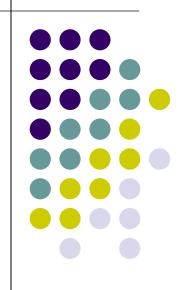
The JRA-55 products will be also available in 2013 summer.

Summary in JRA-55



- JRA-55 calculation is now ongoing.
- We can make higher quality products than JRA-25 by various developments and improvements.
- JRA-55 will be completed in 2013 spring, and released in 2013 summer for research use.

2. JMA Operational Global Model



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at JMA



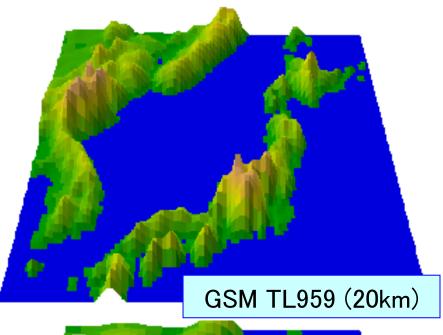
	Global Model (GSM)	Typhoon Ensemble Model	One-week Ensemble Model	One-month Ensemble Model	Three-month Ensemble Model	Warm/Cold season Ensemble Model
Purposes	Short- and medium- range forecast	Typhoon forecast	One week forecast	One month forecast	Three month forecast	Warm/Cold season outlook
Forecast domain	Global					
Grid size and/or Number of grids	0.1875deg. (TL959) 20km	0.5625deg. (TL319) 1.125deg. (TL159) 60km 120km		'	1.875deg. (TL95) 180km	
Vertical levels/ Top	60 / 0.1hPa	60 / 0.1hPa		40 / 0.4hPa		
Forecast hours (initial time)	84 hours (00, 06, 18 UTC), 216 hours (12 UTC)	132 hours (00, 06, 12, 18 UTC) 11 members	9 days (12 UTC) 51 members	34 days (12 UTC; Wed. & Thu.) 25 members x2	120 days (12 UTC; once a month) 51 members	150-210 days (12 UTC; 5 times a year (Feb., Mar., Apr., Sep. & Oct.) 51 members
Analysis	4D-Var	Global analysis with ensemble perturbations				

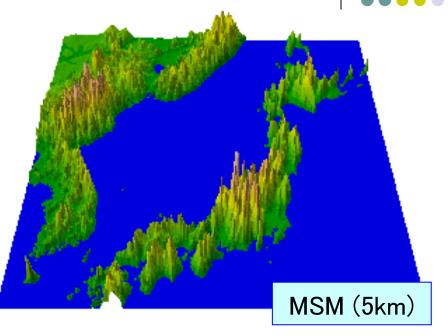
Roles of GSM

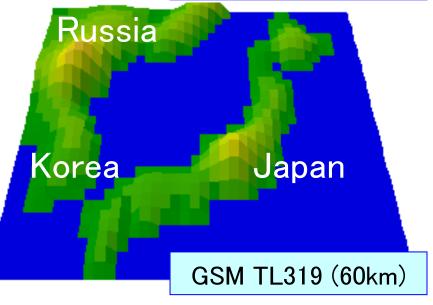
- Main purpose of GSM is to provide :
 - Basic information for a short- and medium-range, one week, one month and seasonal forecasts
 - Basic information for typhoon track and intensity forecasts
 - Basic information to assist aviation and ship routing forecasts
 - Lateral boundary condition for Meso-scale Model
 - Input data for ocean wave model
 - Input data for ocean data assimilation
 - Input data for chemical transport model

Orography of JMA's Model



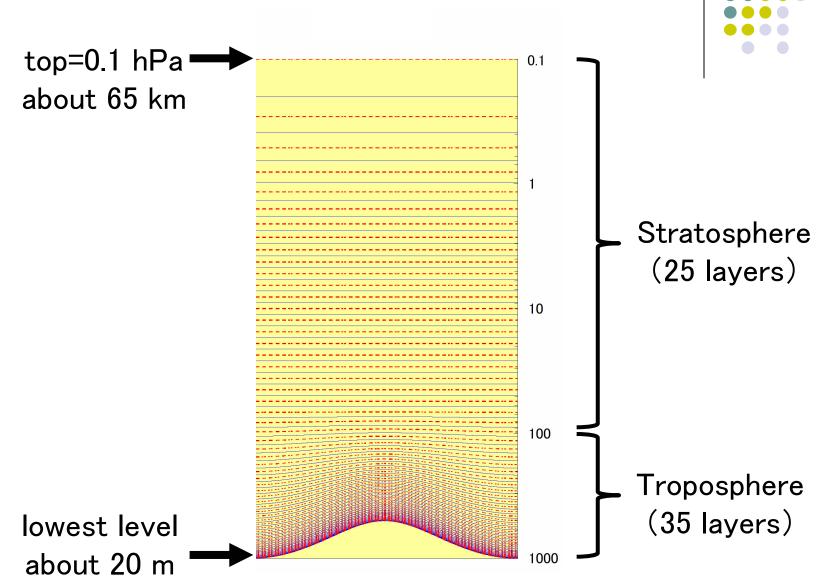




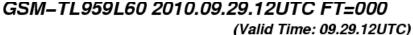


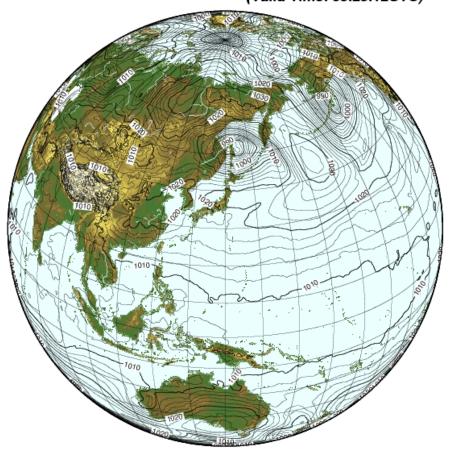
Orographic effects are better captured by higher resolution models. The surface parameters such as temperatures and winds, might be predicted more realistically by those models.

ma-P hybrid vertical lev



xample of graphical image by GSM forecast

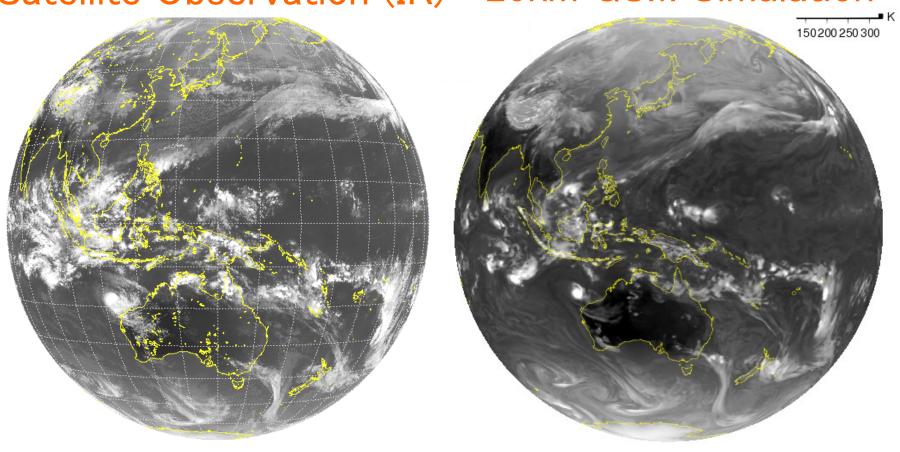




Observation vs. Model



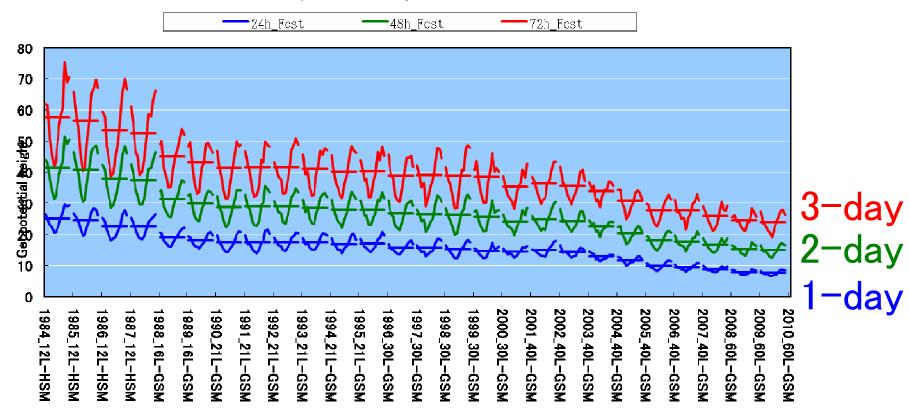
Satellite Observation (IR) 20km GSM Simulation

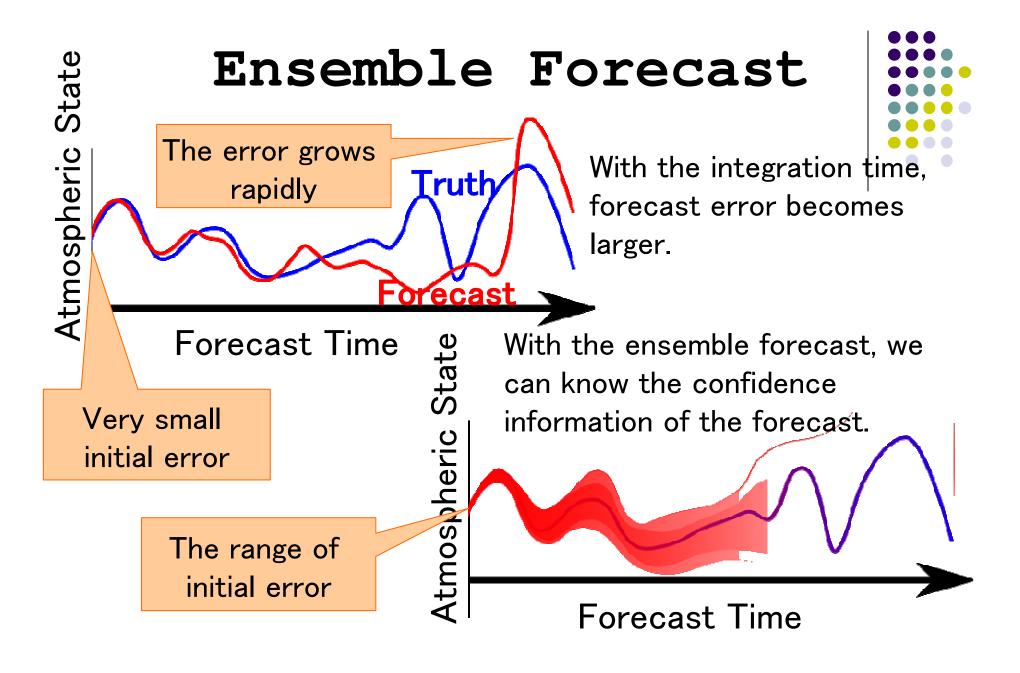


Verification Score forecast error in Z500



GSM Z500 (20N-90N) RMSE 00UTC/12UTC



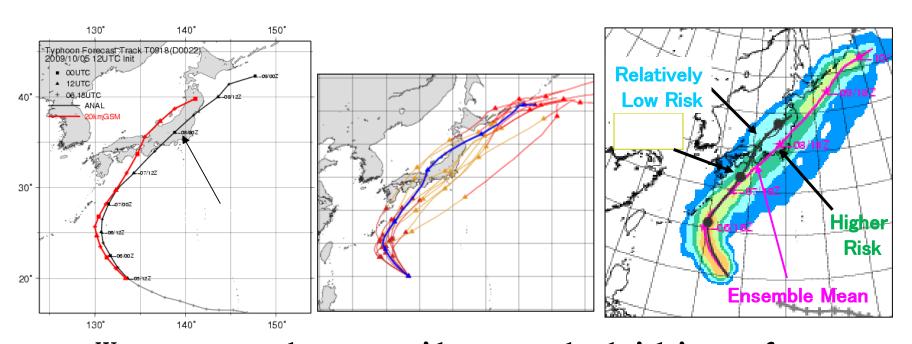


Color shows probability

phoon Ensemble Prediction



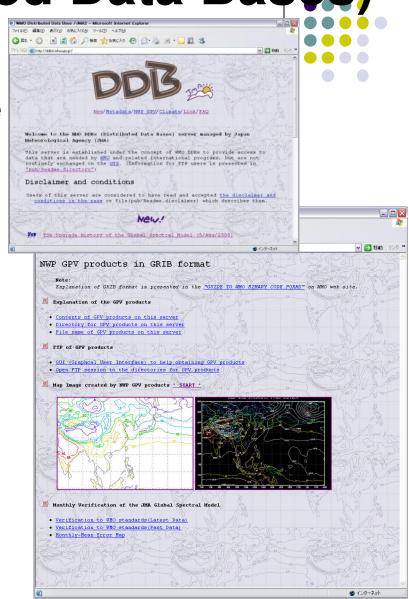
- For 5-day typhoon track forecast
 - 6hourly, 11member, 132hours forecast
 - Used in typhoon track probability forecast



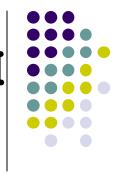
We can make strike probability from ensemble forecast.

JMA DDBs (Distributed Data Base

- ... has been established under the concept of the WMO DDBs to provide access to data that are needed by WMO and related international programs, but are not operationally exchanged on the GTS.
- Latest GSM forecast data are available at http://ddb.kishou.go.jp/
- You can easily obtain GSM forecast GPV in the WMO GRIB format
 - up to 72 hours ahead for the Asian region
 - 120 hours ahead for the Northern and Southern Hemisphere
 - Forecast elements: surface pressure, geopotential height, winds, air temperature, precipitation, etc.



Summary in JMA's GSM



- The outline of JMA Global Model was introduced. With its high resolution, GSM supports short—to seasonal—range, and typhoon forecast.
- The "forecast confidence information" is important for the disaster risk management. To provide such information, JMA operates EPS (Ensemble Prediction System) for Typhoon, One week, One month, and Seasonal forecasts.
- Forecast products are available at DDBs.



Thank you very much