

National Science and Technology Center for Disaster Reduction

New prospects of science and technology on integrated disaster risk management

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Outlines



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- Brief introduction of NCDR's operation model
 - A case of applying S&T for disaster risk reduction and management
- Challenges found at local governments during emergency operation
 - **Experiences learned from Typhoon Morakot since 2009**
- Ways to improve typhoon emergency response
 - 1. Science-and-theology-based emergency operation
 - 2. Information integration: early warning system
 - 3. Common operating pictures
 - 4. Practical case: Early evacuation and enhancement of information coverage
- IRDR Flagship Project
 - Focus on real application of S&T for reducing risk
- Conclusions

NCDR covers natural hazards



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Earthquake (1999)







Landslide



Typhoon (2009)



Flood

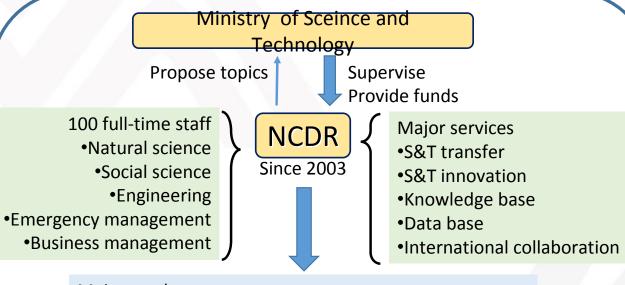


Debris flow

How NCDR applies science and technology for disaster risk reduction and management



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Major products

- Applied and inter-disciplinary research
- Policy of DRR for central and local government
- Information integration
- Emergency operation (not search and rescue)
- •Identification of urgent needs and long-term demands
- Integration of potential risk maps

Partners and key stakeholders

Public sector

- Central government
 - Ministries and agencies
- Local Government
 - Municipalities and townships

Private sector

- Universities, research institutes
- NGOs, NPOs
- Communities

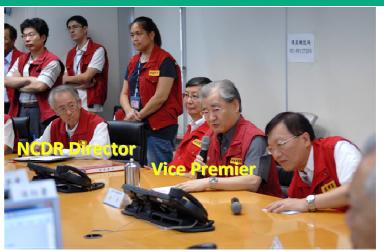
International outreach

- •IRDR, ICoE Taipei
- ADRC, NIED, DPRI (JP)
- •PDC (US)
- ADPC (TH)
- •NDMI (KR)
- APEC EPWG

NCDR has comprehensive teamwork with public and private sector – from top decision makers to local communities



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Challenges found at local-level governments during emergency operation – observations from Typhoon Marokot since 2009



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Too much or too little information during emergency response

- Channel to acquire useful information
- System of systems to integrate information



Lack of common operating picture to coordinate actions

- Potential risk maps for planning
- Situation maps for operation

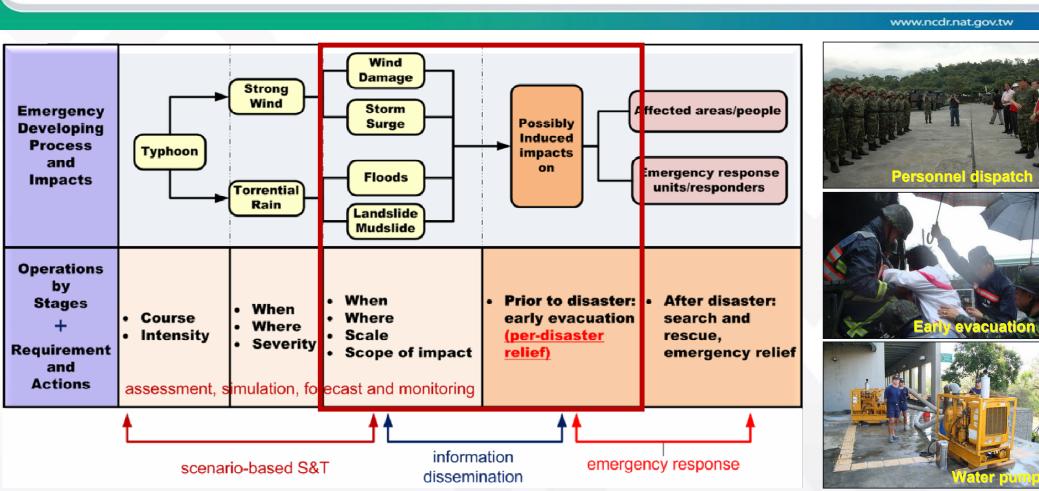


When and how to make timely decisions

- No well-defined plans in advance
- No experienced staff to make suggestions

Demands and supports of S&T according to emergency operation stages





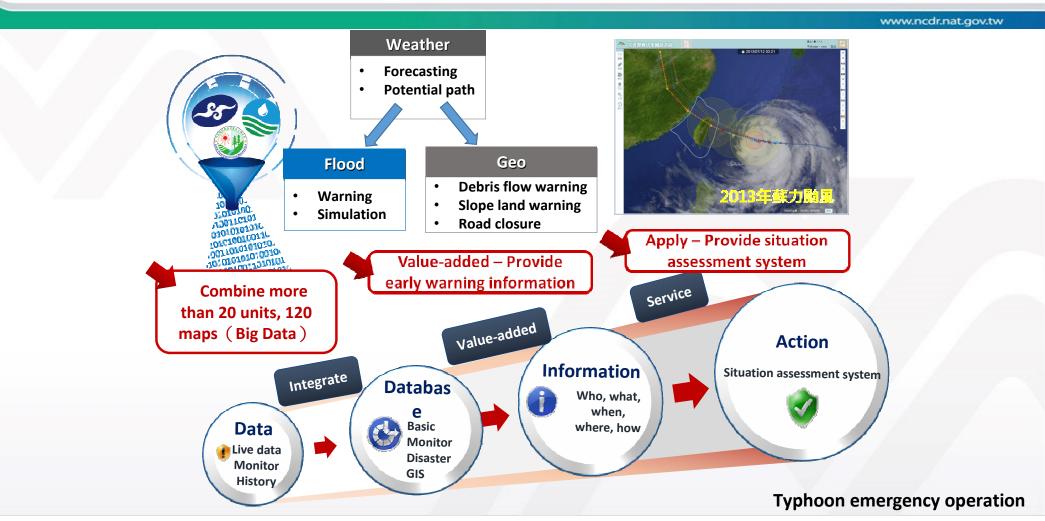
Developments of Decision Support System to build up common operating picture



www.ncdr.nat.gov.tw Innovation Sharing Service Integration Cloud 2010 2011 2012

Aggregating big data for open data— "Cross-cutting Synergy", "Information sharing", "Actionable"





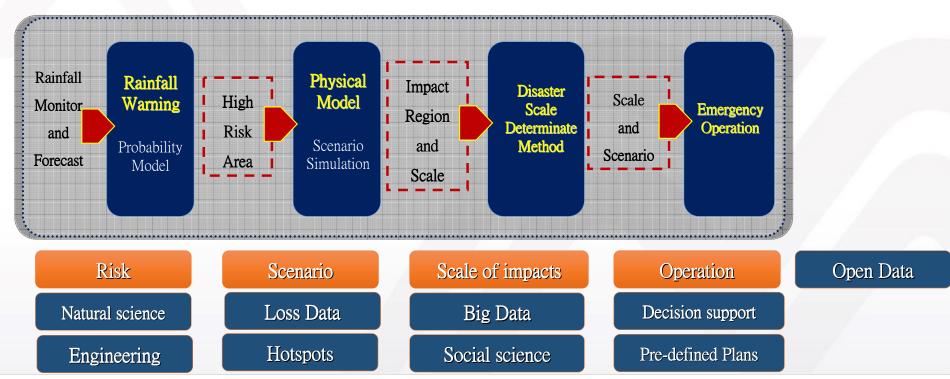
The Concepts of Early Warning Framework



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To fulfill the needs for early warning, disaster monitoring, and information analysis, NCDR then processes outcomes of forecast and retrieves useful information.

The framework of early warning for the disasters of typhoon and flood

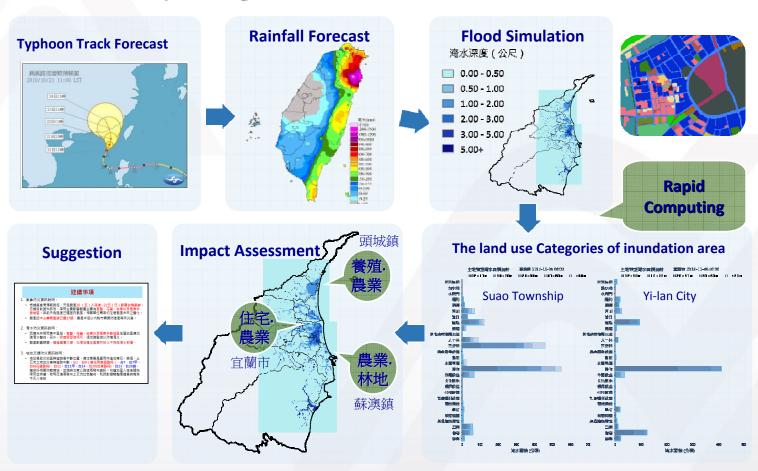


Early Warning System



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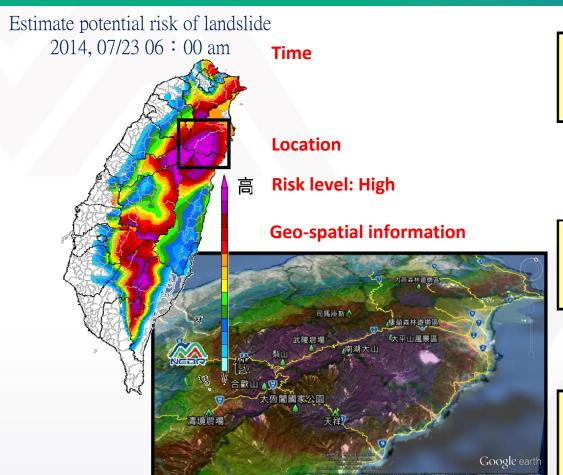
The early warning Process for the disasters assessment



Three principles to integrate information for typhoon emergency operation by assistance of S&T



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 Scenario-based description for deployment and response in advance

 Cross-cutting information exchange to monitor evolving situations

 Graph and table plus GIS to show spatial and time-dependent factors

Example: Flood Warning



www.ncdr.nat.gov.tw **Estimated** floods 24hrs based on forecast Toucheng Warning issued by CBW Latest 24hr (200mm/24hr) Yilan County: Warning areas Toucheng Jiaoxi Zhuangwei Jiaoxi Yuanshan Yilan City Wujie Sanxin Luodong Dongshan Suao Major flooded areas Yilan City Yuanshan Luodong Flood Depth Sanxin Dongshan 0.3-1.0 m 1.0-2.0 m 2.0-3.0 m > 3.0 m 宜蘭縣 **Yilan County** 0.5-1.0 Disclosed info: time, locations and scientific scenario 13

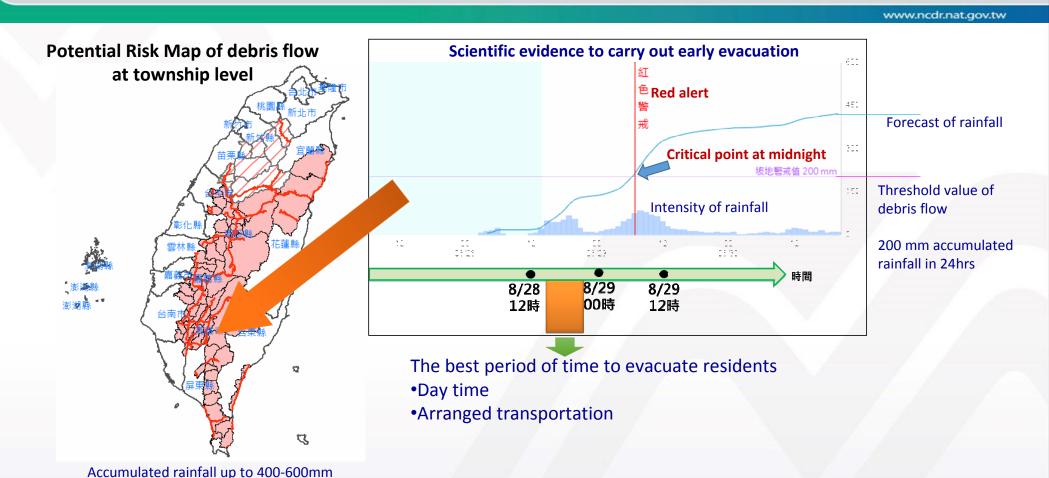
Case of successful early evacuation during Typhoon Fanapi, in Lai-Yi village, Sep. 2010





Evidence-based emergency operation – Early evacuation Typhoon Kong-Rey in 2013





Information to the general public – collaboration with Google's services



Common Alerting Protocol

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- Industry, government, academia and personal APP developer, all apply for interfacing alert data
- Google services starts in 2013/07/10, using our platform's service
- In 2014, 15 million of users ever visited to check during two typhoons



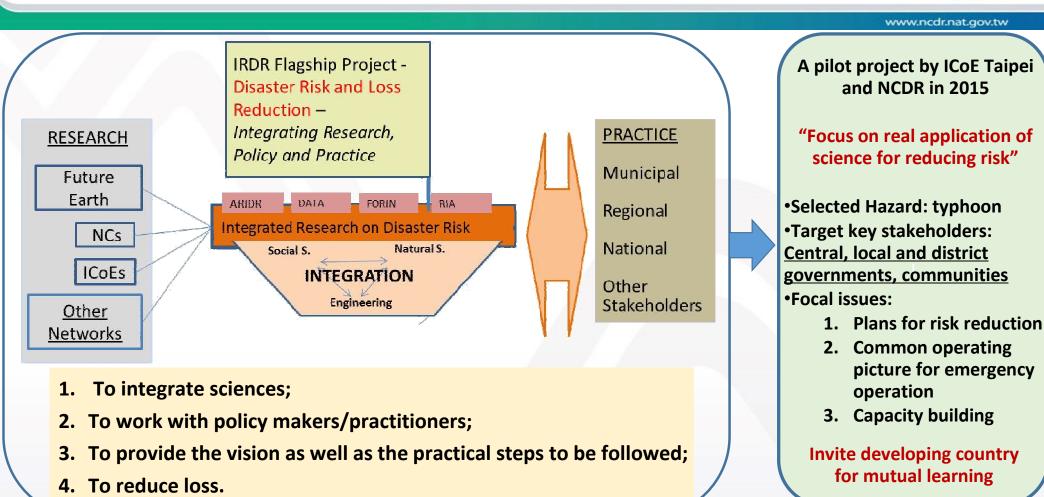
Google Crisis Map

Google Alerts

"big data" "open and actionable"

IRDR Flagship Project based on outcomes of all scientific research achievements and four IRDR groups





Conclusions: Roles of S&T to reduce loss Science to decision making



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Scientific **Prediction**

Rea-time Monitoring

In-time Operation Key elemets to succeed

- **Provide forecasting based** on scientific models
- Tool for pre-disaster deployment
- Reference for decision support
- Limited by technology development

- Provide updated data based on gauges
- **Tool for pinpointing blind** areas by forecast
- Reference for revising decision support
- Limited by number, location, transmission

- Provide reaction based on well-defined plan
- Tool for saving more time before it's too late
- Reference for allocating emergency support
- **Limited by determination** of all-leve administrators

An integration of

- Natural science
- Social science
- Engineering
- Emergency management
- Multiple key stakeholders
- Public-private partnership

Thanks

Learning from disasters and living with them

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