



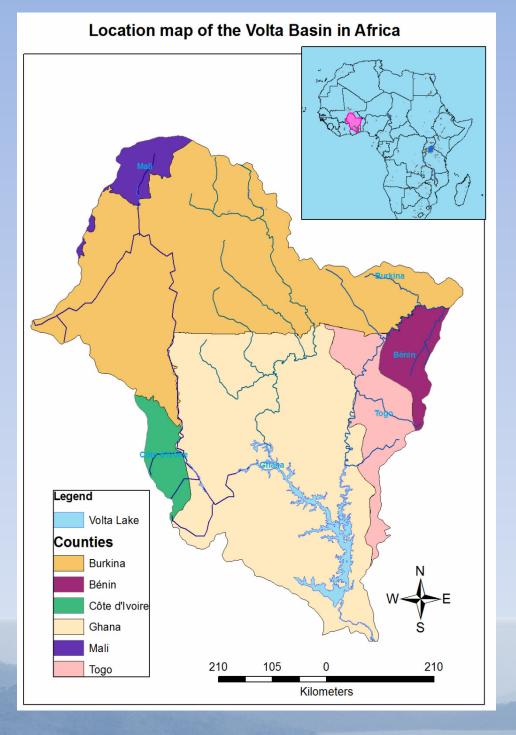
Joint Asia – African Water Cycle Symposium

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Project Design Matrix (PDM) by VOLTA BASIN AUTHORITY (VBA)

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Volta Basin Member States

Country	% of Basin Area	% of Country
Benin	3.41	12.1
Burkina Faso	42.9	62.4
Cote d'Ivoire	2.48	3.1
Ghana	41.6	70.1
Mali	3.12	1.0
Togo	6.41	45.0

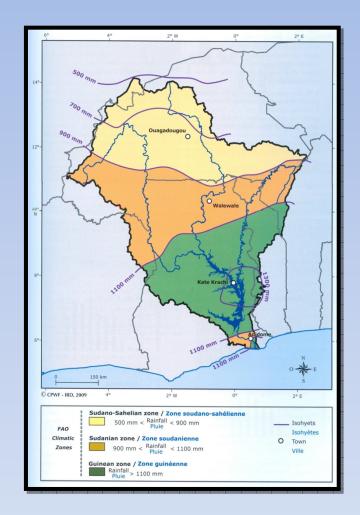
Bénin, Burkina Faso, Côte d'Ivoire, Ghana, Mali, Togo

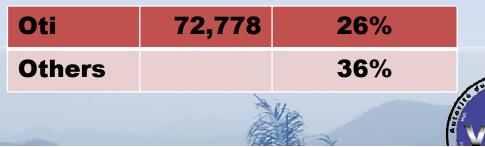
Rainfall and Agro-Ecological Zones and Water Resources

- i. Spatial variability southnorth gradient;
- ii. Medium-term variability alternating dry & wet periods basin-wide;
- iii. Strong spatial and shortterm variability within a given season
- The Sudano-Sahelian Zone: 500-900 mm – BF and MA
- The Sudanian Zone: 900-1,100 mm – northern GH, CI, BE & TG
- The Guinean Zone: >1,100m; bimodal rainfall; southern GH

Surface Water Resources

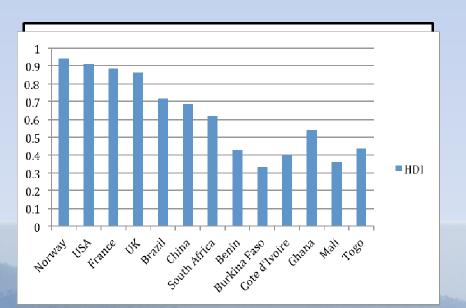
Sub-basin	Area (km2)	Contribution
Black Volta	149,015	18%
White	104,749	20%

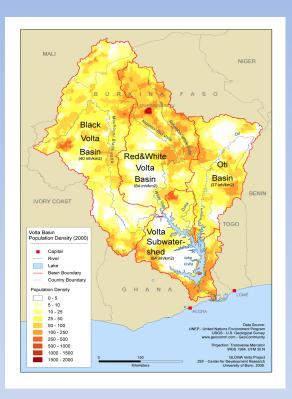




Population

- Basin population 18.6 million in 2000;
- Projected to reach 33.9 million in 2025;
- Rural pop. 70% ;
- Live on natural resources



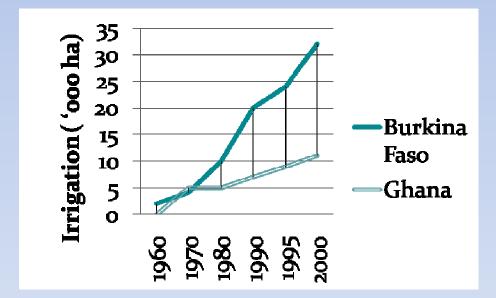


Export of primary commodities;
2012 HDI mostly <0.5 (UNDP, 2012)

Agricultural Production Systems

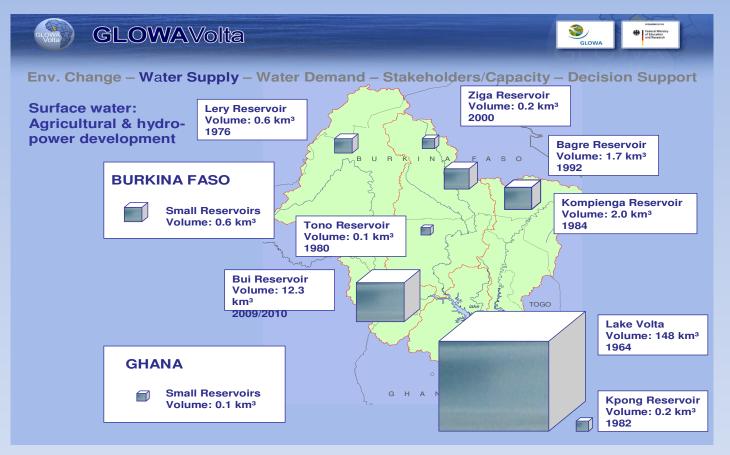
- Agricultural production about 40% of basin economic output;
- Most cultivation still rain-fed;
- Production increases largely due to expansion of agric. land;
- Cropping systems distributed in the agro-climatic regions;
- Livestock important upstream water use;
- Fisheries in large reservoirs;

Irrigated agriculture relatively developed in BF



Climate Change Adaptation could lead to more water retention upstream

Development Challenges -Large Dams/Reservoirs



Top 2 Prioritised Water Resources Challenges

Degradation of Aquatic Ecosystems
 Changes in water quantity and seasonality of flows

Bénin, Burkina Faso, Côte d'Ivoire, Ghana, Mali, Togo

Autorité du Bassin de la Volta (ABV)

Project purpose/ Outputs

The purpose of the project is to improve upon the quantitative and qualitative data in the basin

Outputs

- 1. Demonstrate quantitative and qualitative improvement of water cycle observations
- 2. Demonstrate flood and drought early warning capability
- 3. Assess climate change impacts on floods, droughts and water-nexus
- 4. Prototype data and information integration and sharing systems
- 5. Improve observational, modeling and application capacity



Activities and Key Leaders and Contributors

Lead Organizations

Volta Basin Authority (VBA) / AGRHYMET

1. Demonstrate quantitative and qualitative improvement of water cycle observation:

- Transmitting rain gauge data to the Lead Organization's Data Facility and sharing the data by Internet for producing bias-corrected satellite-based rainfall map to be disseminated to wide communities (WMO/HYCOS, ESA, TIGER-NET, NASA, NOAA, JAXA, DIAS)
- (In-situ and satellite observation data archive WMO/HYCOS, UNEP/GMES, UNESCO/G-WADI, UNESC-WMO/IGRAC, Tiger heritage, ODA project heritage, AMMA,
- **Reanalysis** (ECMWF, NCEP, JMA), ESA, NASA, NOAA, JAXA, CEOS Water Portal, GEOWOW, NASA-SERVIR, DIAS



Activities and Key Leaders and Contributors

 Climate data archive at least past 20 years which correspond to the availability of the GCM model outputs.

WMO/HYCOS, Reanalysis (ECMWF, NCEP, JMA), ESA, NASA, NOAA, JAXA, CEOS Water Portal, GEOWOW, NASA-SERVIR, DIAS

 Acquisition and installation of integrated meteorological observation network covering the parts of the Volta basin.
 WMO/HYCOS, AfDB, EU, JICA.

2. Demonstrate flood and drought early warning capability

- Develop distributed physically-based hydrological models including simulation ability for runoff, evapotranspiration,
- soil moisture, ground water and vegetation growth. CREST, DIAS, science community
- Prototype real-time data integration systems for satellite data bias correction, hydrological modeling including data assimilation and information dissemination (ACMAD, ECMWF, National Weather Services, GEOWOW, NASA-SERVIR, UNESCO-IFI, UNESCO-Princeton Univ., DIAS)

Activities and Key Leaders and Contributors

3. Assess climate change impacts on floods, droughts and water-nexus

- Selection of GCMs which can express the regional climate (PCMDI, DIAS, science communities)
- Bias correction and downscaling (PCMDI, CORDEX, DIAS, science communities)
- Socio-economic data archive: GLOWASIS; Assessment of the changes of flood, drought and water-nexus (GLOWASIS, CORDEX, DIAS, science communities)

4. Prototype data and information integration and sharing systems

- Develop an integrated water portal for improving data accessibility and data sharing (CEOS Water Portal, GEOWOW, NASA-SERVIR, DIAS)
- Prototype a data integration and analysis and information dissemination system

5. Improve observational, modeling and application capacity

- Develop training modules and design and implement training courses (Tiger, UNESCO, NASA-SERVIR, RCMRD, ITC, UNU, UTokyo,
- Promote secondary educational program in collaboration with universities (ITC, UNU, UTokyo)

Thank you for your attention





Bénin, Burkina Faso, Côte d'Ivoire, Ghana, Mali, Togo